

April 26th 2021 – Quantstamp Verified

Idle Finance

This smart contract audit was prepared by Quantstamp, the leader in blockchain security.



Executive Summary

Type

Token Lending Aggregator

Auditors

Ed Zulkoski, Senior Security Engineer Kacper Bąk, Senior Research Engineer Poming Lee, Research Engineer

\land High Risk

The issue puts a large number of users' sensitive information at risk, or is reasonably likely to lead to catastrophic impact for client's serious financial

Timeline

EVM

Languages

Methods

Specification

Documentation Quality

Test Quality

Source Code

Goals

Sebastian Banescu, Senior Research Er

2019-12-02 through 2021-04-23

Muir Glacier

Solidity, Javascript

Architecture Review, Unit Testing, Function Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, N Review

README.md

	Medium			
	Medium			
Repository	Commit			
idle-contracts	<u>937f989 (initial audit)</u>			
idle-contracts	<u>b5fb299 (latest audit)</u>			

• Do functions have proper access control logic?

• Are there centralized components of the system which users should be aware?

• Do the contracts adhere to best practices?

ngineer		reputation or serious financial implications for client and users.
	▲ Medium Risk	The issue puts a subset of users' sensitive information at risk, would be detrimental for the client's reputation if exploited, or is reasonably likely to lead to moderate financial impact.
tional Manual	✓ Low Risk	The risk is relatively small and could not be exploited on a recurring basis, or is a risk that the client has indicated is low- impact in view of the client's business circumstances.
	Informational	The issue does not post an immediate risk, but is relevant to security best practices or Defence in Depth.

The impact of the issue is uncertain. ? Undetermined

• Unresolved Acknowledged the existence of the risk, and decided to accept it without engaging in special efforts to control it. The issue remains in the code but is a Acknowledged result of an intentional business or design decision. As such, it is supposed to be addressed outside the

> programmatic means, such as: 1) comments, documentation, README, FAQ; 2) business processes; 3) analyses showing that the issue shall have no negative consequences in practice (e.g., gas analysis, deployment settings).

Total Issues

High Risk Issues

39 (25 Resolved)

High Risk Issues	0 (0 Resolved)			
Medium Risk Issues	4 (4 Resolved)	0 Unresolved	Resolved	Adjusted program implementation, requirements or constraints to eliminate
Low Risk Issues	11 (9 Resolved)	14 Acknowledged		the fisk.
Informational Risk Issues	18 (8 Resolved)	25 Resolved	Mitigated	Implemented actions to minimize the impact or likelihood of the risk.
Undetermined Risk Issues	6 (4 Resolved)			

Summary of Findings

The Idle contracts are generally well documented and well designed. Our main concerns below relate to centralized components of the system, and ensuring that users are aware of the roles and responsibilities of the Idle Finance team as owners of the smart contracts. We also noted some potential access control issues associated with rebalancing, which may lead to sub-optimal token allocations.

Update: Idle Finance has addressed our concerns as of commit <u>bcb6f09</u>.

Update 2: Recently, several attacks have occurred on bZx/Fulcrum (for reference, see <u>Attack 1</u> and <u>Attack 2</u>), allowing lenders to create highly under-collateralized loans. Since Fulcrum is one of the underlying protocols that Idle may lend on, we recommend investigating these attacks to determine how much impact this may have on the Idle protocol. It may be prudent to temporarily disable Fulcrum as a potential lending platform until the full extent of the issues has been investigated. As a simple approach, we believe this could be accomplished in the following manner:

- 1. Deploy a new "dummy" wrapper contract that returns zero whenever nextSupplyRate()or nextSupplyRateWithParams() are invoked. This essentially ensures that the rebalancer will always favor other wrappers when calculating the allocations.
- 2. As the owner, invoke IdleToken.setProtocolWrapper("fulcrum address", "dummy wrapper address").

Note that we also recommend adding additional tests to ensure that supply rates equal to zero do not cause any adverse affects.

Update 3: We have reviewed version 3 of the contracts based on commit <u>a71a706</u>. Our audit focused on the new wrapper contracts associated with Aave and DyDx, and the new IdleTokenV3 and IdleRebalancerV3. We noted several new sources of centralization, parts of the code which required further documentation, and possible gas-constant related issues. We recommend addressing these concerns before deploying the V3 contracts to production.

Update 4: Several of our concerns have been addressed as of commit <u>64f22d0</u>.

Update 5: Our concerns have been addressed as of commit <u>fefd01d</u>.

Update 6: All concerns have been addressed as of commit 7d3b7e4.

Update 7: Quantstamp has reviewed updates to the contracts as of commit <u>93d3429</u>.

Update 8: Quantstamp has reviewed updates as of commit <u>f9c02d1</u>.

Update 9: Quantstamp has reviewed updates as of commit <u>35d61ae</u>. In this iteration, only IdleTokenV3_1.sol, IdleRebalancerV3_1.sol, and IdleCompound.sol were audited (against the previously audited "V3" versions). New findings can be found in QSP-14 through QSP-20, and have been appended to the Best Practices and Documentation sections.

Update 10: Quantstamp has reviewed updates as of commit <u>338ec24</u>. All existing issues have been resolved. However, there are several contracts such as GSTConsumer*.sol,

IdleDSR.sol, and IdleDyDx.sol which we suggest improving coverage for.

Update 11: The Idle team has alerted Quantstamp of an issue in IdleTokenV3_1._tokenPrice(), in which the incorrect number of decimal places had been used. This issue has been resolved, and no new issues were found as of commit <u>1b40261</u>.

Update 12: Several new issues of varying severity were noted during the audit of commit <u>50da42b9</u>, as discussed in QSP-21 through QSP-31, and as appended to the best practices and documentation sections. Note that only IdleTokenV3_1.sol was reviewed in this iteration.

Update 13: All issues have been addressed as of commit <u>bd40915</u>.

Update 14: The report has been updated based on the diff b928e84...e09d4f5. This iteration is only scoped to changes in IdleTokenGovernance.sol and IdleTokenHelper.sol.

New findings are listed in QSP-32 through QSP-41, as well as appended to the best practices and documentation sections.

Update 15: The report has been updated based on commit <u>b5fb299</u>. All previous issues have been resolved, mitigated, or acknowledged, and one new informational issue was added. Some acknowledged issues are not fully fixed due to contract bytecode size limits; we recommend refactoring the code into several contracts to avoid this problem.

ID	Description	Severity	Status
QSP-1	Centralization of Power	∧ Medium	Fixed
QSP-2	Missing onlyIdle modifier on mint() and redeem()	✓ Low	Fixed
QSP-3	Gas Usage / for Loop Concerns	O Informational	Fixed
QSP-4	Clone-and-Own	O Informational	Fixed
QSP-5	Unlocked Pragma	O Informational	Fixed
QSP-6	Undocumented magic constants	O Informational	Fixed
QSP-7	Use of ABIEncoderV2 still experimental	O Informational	Fixed
QSP-8	Unchecked constructor and setter address arguments	O Informational	Fixed
QSP-9	Allowance Double-Spend Exploit	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-10	Function <pre>rebalance()</pre> may be blocked due to Fulcrum failure	O Informational	Fixed
QSP-11	Security of Idle contracts is dependent on underlying lending protocols	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-12	newIdleToken() may overwrite underlyingToIdleTokenMap[_token]	Undetermined	Fixed
QSP-13	Gas constants may be affected by new EVM forks	? Undetermined	Fixed
QSP-14	redeemIdleToken() may fail if fee is reset to zero	^ Medium	Fixed
QSP-15	Loss of precision due to truncation	✓ Low	Fixed
QSP-16	Missing address sanitization	✓ Low	Acknowledged
QSP-17	Length of input arrays can be different	✓ Low	Fixed
QSP-18	Unclear update to userAvgPrices mapping	✓ Low	Fixed
QSP-19	Potential flash loans attack vectors to claim COMP tokens	✓ Low	Fixed
QSP-20	Privileged Roles and Ownership	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-21	User may not be able to redeem Idle tokens	^ Medium	Fixed
QSP-22	Outdated govToken could be used to influence the average APR	✓ Low	Fixed
QSP-23	Incorrect hardcoded addresses	✓ Low	Acknowledged
QSP-24	Inconsistent array lengths breaks invariants	✓ Low	Fixed
QSP-25	Initialization can be done multiple times	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-26	Missing input check	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-27	Missing return value	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-28	Privileged roles	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-29	Incorrect average price computation	? Undetermined	Fixed
QSP-30	Uninitialized inherited contracts and state variables	Undetermined	Acknowledged
QSP-31	Unclear functionality in _getFee	Undetermined	Fixed
QSP-32	Wrong comparison between lengths	^ Medium	Mitigated
QSP-33	The flashLoanFee is not settable	✓ Low	Fixed
QSP-34	Inconsistent array lengths breaks invariant	✓ Low	Mitigated

ID	Description	Severity	Status
QSP-35	Flashloans may decrease funds if underlying protocols have redemption fees	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-36	Unchecked function arguments	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-37	Flashloan could be used as a tool to manipulate liquidities of the underlying lending protocols	O Informational	Acknowledged
QSP-38	Uninitialized state variables	? Undetermined	Acknowledged
QSP-39	Owner can front-run flash loaners to change loan fee	O Informational	Mitigated

Quantstamp Audit Breakdown

Quantstamp's objective was to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices.

Possible issues we looked for included (but are not limited to):

- Transaction-ordering dependence
- Timestamp dependence
- Mishandled exceptions and call stack limits
- Unsafe external calls
- Integer overflow / underflow
- Number rounding errors
- Reentrancy and cross-function vulnerabilities
- Denial of service / logical oversights
- Access control
- Centralization of power
- Business logic contradicting the specification
- Code clones, functionality duplication
- Gas usage
- Arbitrary token minting

Methodology

The Quantstamp auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following
 - i. Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Quantstamp to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii. Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii. Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Quantstamp describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i. Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii. Symbolic execution, which is analyzing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, and actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Toolset

The notes below outline the setup and steps performed in the process of this audit.

Setup

Tool Setup:

• <u>Truffle</u> v4.1.12

• <u>SolidityCoverage</u> v0.5.8

• <u>Mythril</u> v0.22.8

• <u>Slither</u> v0.6.12

Steps taken to run the tools:

1. Installed Truffle: npm install -g truffle

2. Installed the solidity-coverage tool (within the project's root directory): npm install --save-dev solidity-coverage

3. Ran the coverage tool from the project's root directory: ./node_modules/.bin/solidity-coverage

4. Installed the Mythril tool from Pypi: pip3 install mythril

5. Ran the Mythril tool on each contract: myth a path/to/contract

6. Installed the Slither tool: pip install slither-analyzer

7. Run Slither from the project directory: slither .s

Findings

QSP-1 Centralization of Power

Severity: Medium Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleFulcrum.sol, IdleRebalancer.sol, IdleCompound.sol, IdleTokenV3.sol, IdleRebalancerV3.sol

Description: Smart contracts will often have owner variables to designate the person with special privileges to make modifications to the smart contract. In several contracts, the associated tokens may be changed by the owner. If the balances of the contracts are non-zero, users may not be able to retrieve funds or interact with the contract in a proper manner. In particular:

- In IdleFulcrum and IdleCompound, tokens may be updated by setToken() and setUnderlying().
- In IdleRebalancer.sol, setIdleToken(), setCToken(), setIToken(), setCTokenWrapper(), and setITokenWrapper() may update underlying addresses.

• In IdleTokenV3 and IdleRebalancerV3.sol, the owner may add new token wrappers arbitrarily (which may not correspond to actual lending protocols). Additionally, the owner may pause/unpause certain functionalities, such as rebalancing.

Recommendation: Limit the amount of centralized components in the system if possible. For example, if the underlying token is unlikely to change, consider setting it upon contract construction and removing the corresponding setUnderlying() function. Additionally, this centralization of power needs to be made clear to the users, especially depending on the level of privilege the contract allows to the owner.

Update: Idle Finance has removed the corresponding setter functions. The pausing centralization is mitigated as users may still redeem funds while the contract is paused. The centralization around adding new wrappers is mitigated through the use of a delay-scheme, such that new wrappers only go into effect after several days.

QSP-2 Missing onlyIdle modifier on mint() and redeem()

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleCompoundV2.sol

Description: For the functions IdleCompoundV2.mint() and IdleCompoundV2.redeem(), there is no onlyIdle modifier, whereas the modifier exists in the corresponding functions in IdleCompound.sol, IdleFulcrum.sol, and IdleFulcrumV2.sol. This would allow funds stored in the IdleCompoundV2 wrapper contract to be sent to an arbitrary address. Although the typical dApp workflow does not store funds directly in the wrapper contract (in favor of storing balances in IdleToken, users interacting directly with the IdleCompoundV2 wrapper contract may mistakenly add funds to the contract directly. Adding the onlyIdle modifier to these functions would mitigate these incorrect interactions.

Recommendation: Add the onlyIdle modifier to IdleCompoundV2.mint() and IdleCompoundV2.redeem().

QSP-3 Gas Usage / for Loop Concerns

Severity: Informational

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleRebalancer.sol, IdleToken.sol

Description: Gas usage is a main concern for smart contract developers and users, since high gas costs may prevent users from wanting to use the smart contract. Even worse, some gas usage issues may prevent the contract from providing services entirely. For example, if a for loop requires too much gas to exit, then it may prevent the contract from functioning correctly entirely. It is best to break such loops into individual functions as possible.

In particular, the rebalancing functions may require several loops in the bisection algorithm.

Recommendation: We recommend performing gas analysis to ensure that each loop-function will not run into gas limitations, particularly for large inputs. **Update:** Idle Finance has indicated that each iteration of the bisection algorithm consumes approximately 12,500 gas, so the limit of maxIterations = 30 (as defined in the constructor) should be sufficient to avoid gas limits.

QSP-4 Clone-and-Own

Severity: Informational

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleMcdBridge.sol

Description: The clone-and-own approach involves copying and adjusting open source code at one's own discretion. From the development perspective, it is initially beneficial as it reduces the amount of effort. However, from the security perspective, it involves some risks as the code may not follow the best practices, may contain a security vulnerability, or may include intentionally or unintentionally modified upstream libraries.

In IdleMcdBridge.sol, there are several libraries that could be imported: IERC20, SafeMath, Context, and Address.

Recommendation: Rather than the clone-and-own approach, a good industry practice is to use the Truffle framework for managing library dependencies. This eliminates the clone-and-own risks yet allows for following best practices, such as, using libraries.

QSP-5 Unlocked Pragma

Severity: Informational

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleMcdBridge.sol

Description: Every Solidity file specifies in the header a version number of the format pragma solidity (^)0.4.*. The caret (^) before the version number implies an unlocked pragma, meaning that the compiler will use the specified version and above, hence the term "unlocked." The file IdleMcdBridge.sol has several instances of unlocked pragmas throughout.

Recommendation: For consistency and to prevent unexpected behavior in the future, it is recommended to remove the caret to lock the file onto a specific Solidity version.

QSP-6 Undocumented magic constants

Severity: Informational

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleAave.sol, GST2Consumer.sol

Description: There are several defined constants in the code that were unclear, and would benefit from added inline documentation:

- In IdleAave.sol, L161: the number 29;
- In IdleAave.sol, the constant on L143 of getApr(): 100/10^9;
- In GST2Consumer.sol, all numerical constants on L15, 19-20;
- In IdleRebalancerV3.sol, on L32, it is not immediately clear that the constant 100000 is 100%.

Recommendation: Add documentation describing these constants.

QSP-7 Use of ABIEncoderV2 still experimental

Severity: Informational

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: yxToken.sol

Description: Until solidity 0.6.0, the ABIEncoderV2 feature is still technically in experimental state. Although there are no known security risks associated with it, these features should be used judiciously.

Recommendation: Upgrade the contracts to a more recent solidity version such as 0.5.16 or 0.6.6. All contracts that depend upon ABIEncoderV2 functionality should be tested thoroughly.

QSP-8 Unchecked constructor and setter address arguments

Severity: Informational

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleRebalancerV3.sol

Description: * In IdleRebalancerV3.sol, on L28, the constructor arguments _yxToken and _rebalancerManager were not checked to be non-zero.

• In IdleTokenV3.sol, the constructor and all setter functions should check that addresses are non-zero.

Recommendation: Add require statement ensuring that these parameters are non-zero.

QSP-9 Allowance Double-Spend Exploit

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3.sol

Description: As it presently is constructed, the contract is vulnerable to the allowance double-spend exploit, as with other ERC20 tokens.

Exploit Scenario: An example of an exploit goes as follows:

- 1. Alice allows Bob to transfer N amount of Alice's tokens (N>0) by calling the approve() method on Token smart contract (passing Bob's address and N as method arguments)
- 2. After some time, Alice decides to change from N to M (M>0) the number of Alice's tokens Bob is allowed to transfer, so she calls the approve() method again, this time passing Bob's address and M as method arguments
- 3. Bob notices Alice's second transaction before it was mined and quickly sends another transaction that calls the transferFrom() method to transfer N Alice's tokens somewhere
- 4. If Bob's transaction will be executed before Alice's transaction, then Bob will successfully transfer N Alice's tokens and will gain an ability to transfer another M tokens
- 5. Before Alice notices any irregularities, Bob calls transferFrom() method again, this time to transfer M Alice's tokens.

Recommendation: The exploit (as described above) is mitigated through use of functions that increase/decrease the allowance relative to its current value, such as increaseAllowance and decreaseAllowance.

Pending community agreement on an ERC standard that would protect against this exploit, we recommend that developers of applications dependent on approve() / transferFrom() should keep in mind that they have to set allowance to 0 first and verify if it was used before setting the new value. Teams who decide to wait for such a standard should make these recommendations to app developers who work with their token contract.

QSP-10 Function rebalance() may be blocked due to Fulcrum failure

Severity: Informational

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3.sol

Description: On L508 of IdleTokenV3.sol, the modifier whenITokenPriceHasNotDecreased checks that function _rebalance can only be executed when the iToken price has not decreased. However, since Fulcrum could get hacked (or the price of collateral may drop), it might not always be true. When this happens, the system would not be able to rebalance/reallocate funds for a period of time.

Recommendation: There is a trade-off here -- including the modifier may cause delays in rebalancing, whereas removing it may cause adverse token allocations to Fulcrum. Documentation should be added describing the need for the modifier if it remains.

QSP-11 Security of Idle contracts is dependent on underlying lending protocols

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3.sol, IdleRebalancerV3.sol

Description: Although there is no immediate exploit known at this time, since protocol wrappers can be added arbitrarily in the future, this issue could occur, and further unforeseen issues could arise in the existing underlying protocols.

Exploit Scenario: If a wrapped protocol P is attackable, possibly through (but not limited to) flash loans, the following could occur. Suppose initially all funds are allocated to a secure protocol S.

1. Using a flash loan, the attacker creates a favorable price for P and invokes rebalance(). This causes the distribution to shift all underlying tokens to P.

2. The attacker attacks P, which now has significantly more liquidity since all Idle funds are now allocated to it.

Recommendation: This issue is partially mitigated already for Fulcrum through checks on the *iToken* price, and further through the ability to pause rebalancing. New wrappers should be added cautiously.

QSP-12 newIdleToken() may overwrite underlyingToIdleTokenMap[_token]

Severity: Undetermined

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleFactory.sol

Description: If newIdleToken() is called with an existing _token address, the IdleToken contract referenced in the underlyingToIdleTokenMap will be overwritten. It is not clear if this is intended functionality.

Recommendation: Document whether this is intended functionality. If not, prevent newIdleToken() calls with existing _token addresses. **Update:** Idle Finance has addressed this concern through added documentation.

QSP-13 Gas constants may be affected by new EVM forks

Severity: Undetermined

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: GST2Consumer.sol

Description: In GST2Consumer.sol, several constants are defined related to gas usage. Since op-code gas costs may be updated in new forks, this may cause unforeseen gas issues in future forks.

Recommendation: Ensure that this functionality has been tested on the most recent EVM fork. In order to be resilient to future forks, onlyOwner setter functions could be added to update the gas variables.

Update: this has been fixed through the use of an onlyOwner setter function for the gas variables.

QSP-14 redeemIdleToken() may fail if fee is reset to zero

Severity: Medium Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: Assume that:

A1: userNoFeeQty[msg.sender] can only accumulated when fee is set to 0 (according to the _updateAvgPrice() function). A2: the price of idleToken is 5 and does not change a lot (this happens when the balanceUnderlying is large). Consider the following scenario for some user1:

1. user1 deposits 100 underlying token when fee is set to 0. The user1 will obtain 100/5 = 20 idleToken, and we noted that userNoFeeQty[user1] equals to 20

- 2. Then the idleFinance team decides to change the fee from 0 to 1000.
- 3. When the user1 later deposit again, with another 100 underlaying token, the user1 will obtain 100/5 = 20 idleToken again. In addition to the formerly obtained 20 idleToken, now the user1 has 20 + 20 = 40 idleTokens on hand. However, since fee != 0 now, the userNoFeeQty[user1] will remains equal to 20 instead of equal to 20 + 20 = 40.
- 4. Then the idleFinance team decides to change the fee from 1000 to 0 again.
- 5. Finally, when user1 decides to redeem idleTokens through function redeemIdleToken() by passing the parameter _amount = 40, we have that the _amount is 40 but the userNoFeeQty[user1] is 20. This will cause the revert of the function due to the statement: userNoFeeQty[msg.sender] = userNoFeeQty[msg.sender].sub(_amount);.

Recommendation: Revise the userNoFeeQty functionality to account for this scenario.

QSP-15 Loss of precision due to truncation

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The computation of the average APR inside the getAvgAPR() function, is performed by normalizing (dividing by total) the APR for each token separately and adding the normalized values together. Due to the limited precision and truncation of the division operation, there might be a loss of precision in this computation. Similarly the division by 10**18 can be moved outside of the for-loop in the _getCurrentPoolValue function.

Recommendation: To increase the precision of the average APR (and save gas), one could first add all APRs multiplied by the amounts together and only divide by the total at the end of the for-loop like so:



QSP-16 Missing address sanitization

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The values inside the <u>newGovTokens</u> array input parameter are not checked to be different from 0x0 inside the <u>setGovTokens</u> function.

Recommendation: Add require statement that checks that the value of the <u>newGovTokens</u> is different from 0×0 . Update: This has been acknowledged, however the check has not been added due to contract bytesize limitations.

QSP-17 Length of input arrays can be different

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: There are multiple occurrences of this issue:

- 1. There is no check in place inside the redeemAllNeeded function inside IdleTokenV3_1, which checks if the length of the tokenAddresses, amounts and the newAmounts input arrays are equal. Since the for-loop inside this function goes up to amounts.length it would be problematic if the lengths of the other arrays would be different (shorter or longer).
- 2. There is no check in place inside the _mintWithAmounts function inside IdleTokenV3_1, which checks if the length of the tokenAddresses and the protocolAmounts input arrays are equal. Since the for-loop inside this function goes up to protocol Amounts.length it would be problematic if the lengths of the other array would be different (shorter or longer).
- 3. There is no check in place inside the setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers function inside IdleTokenV3_1, which checks if the length of the protocolTokens and the allAvailableTokens arrays have the same length. This could lead to removing or adding tokens and/or changing the order of the tokens w.r.t. the lastAllocations array order.

Recommendation: Check whether the lengths of input array parameters of functions are the same whenever this is a prerequisite. **Update:** Regarding <u>_redeemAllNeeded</u>, those params come from <u>_getCurrentAllocations</u> which reads current contract data so it should not be a problem.

QSP-18 Unclear update to userAvgPrices mapping

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Fixed

```
File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol
```

Description: In the function <u>_updateAvgPrice</u>, the mapping <u>userAvgPrices</u> is not updated if the <u>fee</u> == 0. It is not clear why the mapping is not updated in this case, but since this case is not covered, the user's average price may not be correct in all scenarios.

Recommendation: Either update the function to update the average price in all branches, or consider renaming the mapping.

QSP-19 Potential flash loans attack vectors to claim COMP tokens

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: After discussion with the Idle team, it appears that there may exist attack vectors that claim COMP tokens using flash loans, if a rebalance or redeem has not been invoked in a long time. This attack could occur if mint and redeem are invoked with a large balance in the same transaction (via a flash loan).

Recommendation: Add a lock variable that prevents a user from invoking mint and redeem functions within the same transaction.

QSP-20 Privileged Roles and Ownership

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleRebalancerV3_1.sol, IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: Smart contracts will often have owner variables to designate the person with special privileges to make modifications to the smart contract.

Within IdleRebalancerV3_1, the owner can perform the following actions:

- 1. Can set the idle token exactly once via setIdleToken
- 2. Can set the rebalance manager address any number of times via setRebalanceManager
- 3. Can add any number of new tokens via setNewToken
- 4. Another role enforced by onlyRebalancerAndIdle modifier, which allows the rebalance manager or idle token to set completely new token allocations, for exactly the same token addresses, that sum up to 100% (any number of times).

The IdleTokenV3_1.sol contract contains the following privileged actions:

- 1. Modify the allAvailableTokens array any number of times
- 2. Set the address of the **iToken** any number of times
- 3. Set the governance token address govTokens any number of times
- 4. Set the rebalancer address any number of times
- Set the fee taken from end users any number of times to any value lower or equal to 10% 5.
- 6. Set the maximum unlent asset percentage to any value lower than 100%
- 7. Set the fee address any number of times.

Recommendation: This centralization of power needs to be made clear to the users, especially depending on the level of privilege the contract allows to the owner. Update: Updated documentation will be provided as in here.

QSP-21 User may not be able to redeem Idle tokens

Severity: Medium Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3 1.sol

Description: If the _tokenPrice() is lower than the userAvgPrices for that user, then the sub method call on L911 in _getFee will throw an error and revert the transaction. Given that the _getFee function is only called in redeemIdleToken it will lead to users not being able to redeem Idle tokens as long as the current price is lower than the userAvgPrices for that user.

Recommendation: If currPrice < userAvgPrices[msg.sender] then set the elegibleGains to zero in _getFee.

QSP-22 Outdated govToken could be used to influence the average APR

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The following condition in _getAvgAPR, on L358: if (govTokens.length > 0 && currGov != address(0)) only checks if the length of govTokens is greater than zero. However, it does not check if the length of the govTokens is greater than i (the loop iterator) or if the currGov is in the govTokens array. Due to the way in which the setGovTokens function works, it may be the case that currGov != address(0) but currGov is not included in the govTokens array. This could have very severe consequences because any user is allowed to call openRebalance, which changes the allocations based on the results obtained from calling _getAvgAPR. The _getAvgAPR function would return the wrong results, because it would take into consideration removed govTokens.

Exploit Scenario:

- 1. Owner decides to call setGovTokens in order to remove some govTokens which are no longer valid (e.g. the projects corresponding to those gotTokens were hacked). Note that the setGovTokens method does not set the protocolTokenToGov entries for those removed tokens to address(0).
- 2. Malicious party calls openRebal ance and allocates a large portion of funds to a token that has a corresponding govToken that was removed in step 1. The malicious party knows that the price oracle will return a large APR for that govToken, which will skew the result of _getAvgAPR.

Recommendation: Set the protocol TokenToGov entries for the removed tokens to address(0) inside the setGovTokens method.

QSP-23 Incorrect hardcoded addresses

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3 1.sol

Description: 1. The address of the Idle governance token is hardcoded to 0×0001 on L85.

- 1. The address of the oracle is hardcoded to 0x0001 on L111.
- 2. The address of the idleController is hardcoded to 0x0001 on L112.
- 3. The following address seems to be an EOA, not a smart contract L131: rebalancer = address(0xB3C8e5534F0063545CBbb7Ce86854Bf42dB8872B);
- 4. The address of the iToken is hardcoded to address(0) on L130 and there is no setter function to change the iToken address.

Recommendation: Update the values and remove TODO comments. Clarify why IDLE needs to be a hardcoded constant, instead of being updated via a setter/initialization function similar to oracle and idleController. Also why not allow these addresses to be passed as input parameters to the manual Initialize function instead of hardcoding them? Update from the Idle Finance team: All addresses will be se once the governance is deployed. The rebalancer address is an EOA now because we removed the need for IdleRebalancerV3_1 by moving the functionalities directly in IdleTokenV3_1. The address set is the rebalancer address that was previously had in IdleRebalancerV3_1 (before was just a proxy basically). The iToken address is hardcoded to address(0) correctly because we don't support Fulcrum anymore and we don't use that variable anymore. IDLE address should not be upgradable once set, while PriceOracle and IdleController addresses can change (The IdleController is an upgradable contract actually so the address will be the same; we removed the setIdleControllerAddress method too.) Those addresses were not passed in the manualInitialize because we are at the very limit of the max bytecode size so any addition change needs to get some 'space' somewhere else. We removed also the setMaxUnlentPerc method, which will be reintroduced later.

QSP-24 Inconsistent array lengths breaks invariants

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The length of the allAvailableTokens array and the lastRebalancerAllocations and lastAllocations arrays may diverge after calling setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers, even if they were the same length after manualInitialize. This is because the allocations are not adjusted or checked to be of the same length with the protocolTokens or wrappers input arrays. This means that the owner can remove tokens from the allAvailableTokens array and the sum of all corresponding allocations would not be 100% after that call.

Exploit Scenario:

- 1. Owner (accidentally) removes 1 or more tokens by calling setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers
- 2. Either the owner forgets to call setAllocations OR they call setAllocations, but are front-run by an end-user that calls openRebalance or rebalance.

Recommendation: Either add a check inside setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which does not let the owner remove tokens OR add another input array to setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which indicates the new allocations. Optionally, a Boolean input parameter could also be added to setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which indicates the new allocations. Optionally, a Boolean input parameter could also be added to setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which indicates the new allocations. Optionally, a Boolean input parameter could also be added to setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which indicates the new allocations are a require statement must check if the length of the protocolTokens input parameter is the same as the length of allAvailableTokens.

QSP-25 Initialization can be done multiple times

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The owner of the IdleTokenV3_1. sol could call manualInitialize multiple times. This would reset several state variables. The semantics of the function name gives the impression that it should only be called once.

Recommendation: Add a flag which is checked to be false when the manualInitialize function starts executing and is set to true inside manualInitialize. Update from the Idle Finance team: Once deployed, manualInitialize should be called only once and then a new implementation of IdleTokenV3_1 should be deployed and set for all idleToken proxies (I added a IdleTokenGovernance.sol file which is a copy of IdleTokenV3_1.sol with manualInitialize removed and setMaxUnlentPerc reintroduced). The new implementation should simply have manualInitialize removed in order to save bytecode size for future updates by the governance and it will also allow us to use the compiler optimization runs which are currently set to 1 so we can also save some gas on calls, we avoided to add a flag checking this because of what said above and because we tried to save bytecode size everywhere possibile (Current bytecode size with some dummy address set instead of placeholders is 24567.5 vs max of 24576, and with the setMaxUnlentPerc method removed.)

QSP-26 Missing input check

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description:

- 2. A comment on L105 indicates that the <u>newGovTokens</u> array "should include IDLE". However, this is not verified inside the function. It could be verified by setting a binary flag to true inside the if-statement on L124: if (newGov == IDLE) { continue; }, and then checking this flag after the for-loop using a require statement.

Recommendation: Add **require** statements accordingly. **Update from the Idle Finance team:** Some checks have not been added mostly to save on bytecode size.

QSP-27 Missing return value

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The getGovApr function does not have an explicit return value for the cases where the if-statement is not entered, i.e. the if-condition is not true.

Recommendation: Add an explicit return statement after the *if*-statement. **Update from the Idle Finance team:** Some return statements have not been added mostly to save on bytecode size.

QSP-28 Privileged roles

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The owner of the IdleTokenV3_1 contract has the right to change the following state variables at any time, they can even front-run end-users:

1. setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers can be set to any address including EOAs

2. setGovTokens can be set to any address including EOAs

- 3. setRebalancer can be set to any address including an EOA
- 4. setFee upper bounded by 10%
- 5. setMaxUnlentPerc upper bounded to 100%
- 6. setFeeAddress can be set to any address including an EOA
- 7. setOracleAddress can be set to any address including an EOA
- 8. setIdleControllerAddress can be set to any address including an EOA
- 9. setIsRiskAdjusted
- 10. setAllocations this can also be done by the rebalancer address

Recommendation: These privileged operations and their potential consequences should be clearly communicated to (non-technical) end-users via publicly available documentation. **Update from the Idle Finance team:** The owner will be transferred to the governance right on deployment; one multisig wallet controlled by us will have the ability to pause the contract in case of emergency (withdrawals are not paused) but other than that the owner of the contract will be the **Timelock.sol** from governance right in the deployment. You can see the migration scripts number 5 and the newly added number 6 for transferring ownership to governance. Public documentation will get revamped prior to the governance launch.

QSP-29 Incorrect average price computation

Severity: Undetermined

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The userNoFeeQtyFrom part of the qty input parameter of the_updateUserFeeInfo function is subtracted twice from totBalance: on deposits on L889 and L892. See the following code snippet:

891: // (avgPrice * oldBalance) + (currPrice * newQty)) / totBalance

892: userAvgPrices[usr] = userAvgPrices[usr].mul(totBalance.sub(qty)).add(price.mul(qty)).div(totBalance);

This happens because userNoFeeQtyFrom was already added to userNoFeeQty[usr], which is first subtracted on L889. This leads to an incorrect userAvgPrice for that user. Additionally, the price should not be multiplied by qty on L892, because on transfers, the amount that is actually transfered to usr is equal to userNoFeeQtyFrom.

Recommendation: Update the average price computation to take into account that an amount of userNoFeeQtyFrom was already subtracted from totBalance on deposits.

QSP-30 Uninitialized inherited contracts and state variables

Severity: Undetermined

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: The initialize method has been replaced with the manualInitialize method, which is significantly different:

1. There are several inherited contracts which were initialized in the initialize, but are not initialized in the manualyInitialize method. The following code snippet indicates the initialization of these contracts, which was removed:

// Initialize inherited contracts
ERC20Detailed.initialize(_name, _symbol, 18);
Ownable.initialize(msg.sender);
Pausable.initialize(msg.sender);
ReentrancyGuard.initialize();
GST2ConsumerV2.initialize();

1. Similarly, the following state variables: token, tokenDecimals, cToken and maxUnlentPerc, were initialized in the initialize method, but are not initialized in the manualyInitialize method.

Recommendation: Clarify if this is intentionally left uninitialized for some reason. If not, add the initialization of the aforementioned inherited contracts and state variables. Update from the Idle Finance team: IdleTokenV3_1 is an upgradable contract and that initialize method has already been called once, hence it can be removed now (for deployments of new IdleTokens we would need to reintroduce it). manualInitialize will initialize this new implementation (storage is still the old one so no need to update).

QSP-31 Unclear functionality in _getFee

Severity: Undetermined

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenV3_1.sol

Description: * The functionality of L907: userNoFeeQty[msg.sender] = noFees ? noFeeQty.sub(amount) : 0;, is unclear. It seems that what we want to achieve here is more like userNoFeeQty[msg.sender] = balanceOf(msg.sender).sub(_amount); when fee == 0 and userNoFeeQty[msg.sender] = noFeeQty.sub(amount) when noFeeQty >= amount.

Recommendation: Clarify if the functionality is as-intended.

QSP-32 Wrong comparison between lengths

Severity: Medium Risk

Status: Mitigated

File(s) affected: IdleTokenGovernance.sol

Description: On L148 in IdleTokenGovernance.sol we can see the following require statement: require(_newGovTokensEqualLen.length >= protocolTokens.length, '!EQ'); From the other occurrences of !EQ we believe that it should indicate that the 2 terms being compared are not equal, which is different from what the Boolean expression in that

^{889:} uint256 totBalance = balanceOf(usr).sub(userNoFeeQty[usr]); 890: // noFeeQty should not be counted here

require statement is comparing, that is the comparison is actually checking if the length of the _newGovTokensEqualLen is higher-or-equal to the length of protocolTokens.

Recommendation:

- 1. Change the condition on L148 from >= to ==.
- 2. It would additionally make sense to check that the length of the <u>_newGovTokensEqualLen</u> is higher-or-equal to the length of <u>_newGovTokens</u>, which is currently not being checked.

Update: The maximum _newGovTokensEqualLen length is protocolTokens.length + 1 because IDLE is not associated with any protocol token. Therefore, the require statement could be restricted to require(_newGovTokensEqualLen.length == protocolTokens.length + 1, '!EQ');.

QSP-33 The flashLoanFee **is not settable**

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Fixed

File(s) affected: IdleTokenGovernance.sol

Description: The flashLoanFee cannot be changed by a function call after the contract is deployed. The only way to change it is to upgrade/redeploy the contract.

Recommendation: We recommend adding a setter method such that the governance account could set it after a community vote.

QSP-34 Inconsistent array lengths breaks invariant

Severity: Low Risk

Status: Mitigated

File(s) affected: IdleTokenGovernance.sol

Description: Note: this issue is essentially the same as QSP-24 from a previous audit; the fix appears to have been reverted.

The length of the allAvailableTokens array and the lastRebalancerAllocations and lastAllocations arrays may diverge after calling setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers(). This is because the allocations are not adjusted or checked to be of the same length with the protocolTokens or wrappers input arrays of the setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers() function. This means that the owner can effectively remove tokens from the allAvailableTokens array and the sum of all corresponding allocations would not be 100% by calling setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers().

Exploit Scenario:

- 1. Owner (accidentally) removes 1 or more tokens by calling setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers()
- 2. Either the owner forgets to call setAllocations OR they call setAllocations, but are front-run by an end-user that calls redeemInterestBearingTokens or any other function which uses the allAvailableTokens array.

This will lead to incorrect amounts being redeemed, loaned, etc.

Recommendation: Either add a check inside setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which does not let the owner remove tokens OR add another input array to setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which indicates the new allocations. Optionally, a Boolean input parameter could also be added to setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which indicates the new allocations. Optionally, a Boolean input parameter could also be added to setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which indicates the new allocations. Optionally, a Boolean input parameter could also be added to setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers which indicates that the allocation should stay the same, in which case a require statement must check if the length of the protocolTokens input parameter is the same as the length of allAvailableTokens.

Update: From the Idle team -- we won't be changing the setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers, and instead a specific process should be followed when a protocol needs to be removed (i.e. set allocation for that protocol to 0, ensure that funds have been fully redeemed from that protocol and then do the proposal). openRebalance method has been removed.

QSP-35 Flashloans may decrease funds if underlying protocols have redemption fees

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenGovernance.sol

Description: The function flashLoan can be used to force triggering the rebalance process and move funds in and out different underlying protocols. If any of the underlying lending protocols have a redemption fee, an attacker who seeks to damage IdleFinance can achieve this by rapidly performing large value flashloans that cause IdleFinance to redeem and mint the underlying protocol's tokens and end up losing money.

Recommendation: Ensure that the fee collected by the flash loan is larger than the sum of the redemption fee of the underlying protocols.

Update: From the Idle team: I think that this would only be true if they charge a fee at the redeem (not counted in their price), but even in that case we could fix it in the strategy itself probably.

QSP-36 Unchecked function arguments

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenGovernance.sol

Description: The function _init should ensure that _tokenHelper is non-zero.

Recommendation: Add a require statement ensuring that _tokenHelper != address(0).

Update: This is done to save on bytcodesize.

QSP-37 Flashloan could be used as a tool to manipulate liquidities of the underlying lending protocols

Severity: Informational

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenGovernance.sol

Description: The flashLoan can be used to force triggering the rebalance process and moving funds in and out different underlying protocols. A related security issue is described in EIP-3156.

Recommendation: While the underlying protocol's are expected to protect against flash loans themselves, this avenue of attack should be considered when adding new protocols to the Idle system.

Update: The Idle team noted that it is not clear how this could affect the protocol itself given that it's already possible to do this with other protocols. However, we still stress that caution should be used when adding underlying protocols. One notable example of a related attack is <u>the yearn attack with the 3pool imbalance</u>.

QSP-38 Uninitialized state variables

Severity: Undetermined

Status: Acknowledged

File(s) affected: IdleTokenGovernance.sol

Description: Several important state variables: token, tokenDecimals, and isRiskAdjusted, are not initialized anywhere.

Recommendation: Ensure that these variables are properly initialized.

Update: Those variables are only set once though the IdleTokenV3_1 contract. The contract is then upgraded to IdleTokenGovernance upon the first deploy for each new token.

QSP-39 Owner can front-run flash loaners to change loan fee

Severity: Informational

Status: Mitigated

File(s) affected: IdleTokenGovernance.sol

Description: The owner of the IdleTokenGovernance contract has the privilege of front running any end-user who calls flashLoan() by calling setFlashLoanFee() and increasing the flash loan fee. Coupled with the fact that the flashLoanFee can be set up to 100% inside the setFlashLoanFee() function, this could be detrimental to the caller if sufficient funds are available in the caller's balance.

Recommendation:

- 1. We recommend that the caller of the flashLoan() function sends the expected flash loan fee as part of the _params parameter of that function. That user should check the expected flash loan fee inside the onFlashLoan() function and should revert if it is different than expected.
- 2. The maximum value of the flashLoanFee should be bounded to a reasonable amount, in a similar way to how the value of the fee is bounded inside of the setFee() function.

Update: The owner is the governance which can act only through the timelock. Any onlyOwner method takes at least 5 days so it's should not be an issue.

Automated Analyses

Mythril

Mythril reported no issues.

Slither

• Slither warns of several potential reentrancy issues, however as the associated external calls were to trusted contracts (either Idle contracts or underlying protocols), we classified these as false positives.

• Slither detects that there are "divided-before-multiplies" operations in the following IdleTokenV3_1.solfunctions. Re-ordering these operations may improve precision.

```
._redeemGovTokens():
    share = usrBal.mul(delta).div(10 ** 18)
```

```
feeDue = share.mul(fee).div(100000)
```

• In IdleTokenGovernance.sol, several important state variables: token, tokenDecimals, and isRiskAdjusted, are not initialized anywhere.

Adherence to Specification

The code adheres to the specification provided, as well as the inline documentation.

Code Documentation

The code is generally well-documented. We suggest several improvements related to magic constants above in QSP-6. Additionally, we noted the following:

- Update: fixed. In IdleTokenV3.sol, on L42 the comment "// Idle rebalancer current implementation address" does not relate to the code below.
- Update: fixed. In IdleTokenV3.sol, comments describing userAvgPrices and userNoFeeQty should be added.
- Update: fixed. In IdleAave.sol, we recommend documenting that the Aave-Dai price will always be one-to-one (as per L133).
- Update: fixed. There are several spelling errors throughout: "possibile", "supplyied", "aum" (should be "sum"), "crete", "DyDc".

As of commit 35d61ae we noted the following:

• Update: fixed. The comment of the setFee function in IdleTokenV3_1 contains the following text: "max settable is MAX FEE constant". However the MAX_FEE constant is not defined.

• Update: fixed. The comment of the setMaxUnlentPerc function in IdleTokenV3_1 contains the following text, which seems to be wrongly copied from another function's code comment: "max settable is MAX FEE constant".

• Update: fixed. In the comment block of IdleTokenV3_1.setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers, it is not clear what is meant by "This method can be delayed".

• Update: fixed. In IdleTokenV3_1.sol, the typo "shar" should be "share".

• Update: fixed. In IdleTokenV3_1.sol, comments should be added to the transfer* functions indicating why the government tokens get redeemed for the fromaddress but not the to-address.

• Update: fixed. In IdleTokenV3_1.sol, the comment "This method triggers a rebalance of the pools if needed" no longer applies to mintIdleToken and redeemIdleToken.

• Update: fixed. In IdleTokenV3 1.sol in the function updateUserGovIdxTransfer(), the comment // user to should have -> shareTo + (sharePerTokenFrom * amount / 1e18) = (balanceTo + amount) * (govTokenIdx - userIdx) / 1e18 should instead say user _from

As of commit 50da42b9, we noted the following:

• * Update: fixed. The manual Initialize function declared on L104 of IdleTokenV3_1.sol does not have comments to describe its input parameters and return value. The comment that it has does not seem to reflect the actual implementation because the IDLE token address is a constant.

• * Update: fixed. The setGovTokens function in IdleTokenV3_1.sol is missing the description of its 2nd parameter.

• * Update: fixed. The _getFee function in IdleTokenV3_1.sol is missing the description of its 3rd parameter currPrice.

• * Update: fixed. Typo on L628 in IdleTokenV3_1.sol: "give" -> "gives"

As of commit e09d4f5 we noted the following:

• Update: fixed. L114 in IdleTokenGovernance.sol: "The fee flash borrowed" -> "The flash loan fee"

• Update: fixed. The comments at the beginning of the IdleTokenGovernance.sol and IdleTokenHelper.sol files are identical to those at the beginning of the

IdleTokenV3_1.sol file. These should be adjusted for token governance:

/**
* @title: Idle Token (V3) main contract
* @summary: ERC20 that holds pooled user funds together
* Each token rapresent a share of the underlying pools
* and with each token user have the right to redeem a portion of these pools
* @author: Idle Labs Inc., idle.finance
*/

• Update: fixed. In IdleTokenGovernance.flashLoan, "redeemd" is misspelled.

• Update: fixed. In _redeemGovTokensFromProtocol on L928: IdleController(idleController).claimIdle(holders, holders); should be documented, particularly since the first parameter is now unused in **claimIdle**.

Adherence to Best Practices

The code does not fully adhere to best practices. In particular:

• Update: fixed. There is commented out code on L78-99 of iERC20Fulcrum.sol that should be removed if not needed.

• Update: fixed. Although the user is intended to interact with the dApp through an IdleToken (specifically through mintIdleToken()), the user could instead try to directly interact with IdleCompound or IdleFulcrum, first transferring DAI to the contract and then attempting to mint(). If that were the case, since the DAI transfer and mint() are not autonomous, a different user could scoop the minted tokens by invoking mint() first. As an added precaution to prevent this scenario, it may be beneficial to restrict calls to mint() in IdleCompound and IdleFulcrum to only be callable from the IdleToken contract.

• Update: fixed. On L91 of IdleFulcrum: "// q = a1 * (s1 / (s1 + x1)) * (b1 / (s1 + x)1) * o1 / k1", the "x)1" is a typo.

• Update: fixed. In IdleFactory.newIdleToken(), the address parameters should be checked to be non-zero with require-statements.

• **Update: fixed.** In IdlePriceCalculator.tokenPrice(), there should be a check that currentTokensUsed.length == protocolWrappersAddresses.length.

• Update: fixed. The conditional on L456 of IdleToken.sol could simply be the else-branch of the previous if-statement.

• Update: fixed. On L219 of IdleToken. sol, it is not clear what the comment "// We should save the amount one has deposited to calc interests" is referring.

• Update: fixed. On L95 of IdleCompound.sol the constants 10**18 and 100 are used instead of the passed in parameters params[0] and params[8].

• Update: fixed. In IdleCompound, IdleFulcrum, and IdleRebalancer, the constructors should check that the passed in addresses are non-zero.

• Update: fixed. In IdleRebalancer.sol, the comments on L110 and L128 do not appear correct.

• Update: fixed. Functions such as IdleToken.setProtocolWrapper() and IdleFactory.setTokenOwnershipAndPauser() should check for non-zero arguments. Further, all the setIdleToken() functions should ensure that the _idleToken parameter is non-zero.

• In IdleRebalancerV3.setAllocations(), since _addresses should be equal to lastAmountsAddresses, you may as well remove that argument and use lastAmountsAddresses. Update: setAllocations and the _addresses parameter are used to ensure that each allocation submitted by an off-chain bot is for the correct lending protocol.

• In IdleDyDx.sol, in nextSupplyRateWithParams() why not just enforce length 1 for the input array? Update: The parameter is an array in adherence with the ILendingProtocol interface.

• Update: fixed. L540 of IdleTokenV3.sol should be if (_skipWholeRebalance || areAllocationsEqual) instead of if (_skipWholeRebalance || (areAllocationsEqual && balance > 0)). The reason is that once areAllocationsEqual is true, there's no need to rebalance even when the balance is not larger than 0.

• In IdleDSR.sol, since CHAI is a known token, the address could be declared as a constant instead of a constructor parameter. Update: this approach maintains uniformity amongst the wrapper constructors.

As of commit 35d61ae we noted the following:

• Update: fixed. In the constructor of IdleRebalancerV3_1 on L35, there is a branch instruction that will be true only for the first iteration. Executing this branch instruction in each iteration will waste gas. Recommendation: perform the assignment for the first entry in the array outside of the loop and start the loop with i = 1:

lastAmounts[0] = 100000;lastAmountsAddresses[0] = _protocolTokens[0]; for(uint256 i = 1; i < _protocolTokens.length; i++) {</pre>

• The total variable inside the setAllocations function from IdleRebalancerV3_1 should be explicitly initialized to 0 on L98.

• Update: several constants have been fixed; others have not been updated due to upgradeability of storage concerns. Replace inline constants with named constants:

. Update: fixed. The inline constant 10000 is used 2 times in IdleRebalancerV3_1.

. The inline constant 10000 is used 1 time in IdleTokenV3_1.

.* **Update: fixed.** The inline constant 100000 is used 8 times in IdleTokenV3_1.

. Update: fixed. The inline constant 10**18 is used 9 times in IdleTokenV3_1.

• Update: fixed. In IdleTokenV3_1.sol, the expression (totalRedeemd < maxUnlentBalance) could change to be <=, which would make the following if-statement unnecessary: if (totalRedeemd > 1) {.

As of commit 50da42b9, we noted the following:

• * Update: fixed. Resolve and remove all TODO comments, e.g. such as those on L85, L111 and L112 in IdleTokenV3_1.sol.

• * Update: fixed. Replace the following magic numbers with named constants:

. * Update: fixed. 100000 appears several times in IdleTokenV3_1.sol

As of commit e09d4f5 we noted the following:

• Named constants should have a name which provide semantic meaning and not simply indicates the value of the constant. For example, the constant ONE_18 defined in multiple files including IdleTokenGovernance.sol and IdleTokenHelper.sol, should be renamed to something like: IDLE_TOKEN_DECIMALS, which conveys more semantic meaning. Update from the Idle team: for the ONE 18 we prefer to keep it as is, but we will keep in mind the general advice.

• Magic numbers should be replaced with named constants. For example, 10**23 on L986 in IdleTokenGovernance.sol. Update from the Idle team: the 10**23 is well documented and we didn't wanted to add other constant/variables.

• Update: fixed. Avoid code clones. Favor code reuse. For example, on L704 in IdleTokenGovernance.sol: uint256 _flashFee = _amount.mul(flashLoanFee).div(FULL_ALLOC);, the same computation as the one performed by the flashFee() function is used. We recommend calling the flashFee() function on L704 instead. This can be done by making the function public instead of external.

• Provide descriptive error messages in require statements. These serve a double role: code documentation and debugging helpers. All require statements in IdleTokenGovernance.sol contain cryptic error messages such as: "0", "EXEC", "DONE", "LEN", "!EQ", which also do not indicate which function the error has occurred in. We recommend changing these error messages or providing user documentation to map such error messages/codes to a human readable description. Update from the Idle team: for the require messages we kept them short to save a lot on bytecodesize; those should still be enough to debug txs, but the idea to have error code instead could be implemented in the future.

• Update: fixed. Commented code should be removed. For example, L983-984 in IdleTokenGovernance.sol.

• Update: fixed. In IdleTokenGovernance.setFee, consider changing the 10000 into FULL_ALLOC/10 for better maintenance.

• IdleTokenGovernance.sol should inherit the IERC3156FlashLender interface. Update from the Idle team: we avoided to inherit from it just to be 110% sure to not break anything given that all contracts are upgradable (even though no storage is touched).

• Update: fixed. In IdleTokenGovernance.solon LL877 consider moving this entire if-else statement into the body of if (supply > 0) to avoid unexpected results from happening.

• Update: fixed. Consider adding reentrancy protection to the IdleTokenGovernance.sol.flashLoan function.

Test Results

Test Suite Results

**Update as of commit e09d4f5: some tests for previously audited contracts fail due to timeouts which influenced coverage and test results.

<pre>Contract: IdleBatchConverter ✓ constructor set rebalanceManager addr (98ms) ✓ cannot withdraw before first migration (841ms) ✓ single user migration (576ms) ✓ multiple user migration, single batch (881ms) ✓ multiple user migration, multiple batch (2075ms)</pre>	
<pre>Contract: IdleTokenV3_1 / initialize set a name (39ms) / initialize set a symbol (145ms) / initialize set a decimals (93ms) / initialize set a token (DAI) address (276ms) / initialize set a rebalancer address (136ms) / initialize set owner / initialize set pauser (217ms) / manualInitialize set stuff (1098ms) 1) _init set stuff</pre>	
Events emitted during test:	
<pre>IERC20.Transfer(from: <indexed> 0x00000000000000000000000000000000000</indexed></pre>	
<pre>IERC20.Transfer(from: <indexed> 0x00000000000000000000000000000000000</indexed></pre>	
<pre>IERC20.Transfer(from: <indexed> 0x00000000000000000000000000000000000</indexed></pre>	

to: <indexed> 0x6043A7347F46EaAcDe0ED7C98B53584823D78A90 (type: address), value: 10000000000000000000000 (type: uint256)

IERC20.Transfer(

)

)

IERC20.Transfer(

)

IERC20.Transfer(

)

IERC20.Transfer(

)

IERC20.Transfer(

)

IERC20.Transfer(

)

IERC20.Transfer(

)

IERC20.Approval(

owner: <indexed> 0x4a1CD0CF2819eF3f2B7f05BF5d02B858b9384165 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x6DdFdEdB38822099547ef7E056Fb40d4d11f3C88 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)

Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(

```
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x078759ffb75b3bCEBfd6bF517bd896b1AF2FaaaC (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x80c5d818C9a43e932dD94A0Ee161A3ebFA823be9 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0xE96C48EA7F75D9957AdDAc74c707276f26eEE433 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 from: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 to: <indexed> 0x160eBf7F40d9889D834047f55e9BF5fC51e49EDF (type: address),
 )
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x035DE74e37A8f86c0C75dd6C8FF6BfBfB3c6888C (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x077BD1BE91206a013CcC641C7983CaA1FBad0b28 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x22B0cD56859db4E9160b860fbD2b94a5C1B61153 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x1E0447b19BB6EcFdAe1e4AE1694b0C3659614e4e (type: address)
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x22B0cD56859db4E9160b860fbD2b94a5C1B61153 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x22B0cD56859db4E9160b860fbD2b94a5C1B61153 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0xA4dfa8e902CdEDcB6C1f3D3E79AFADaBBA60F839 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
IERC20.Approval(
  owner: <indexed> 0x2F6e1CD70fBBfD27cD512CFCc3d980a7Af4923a3 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x22B0cD56859db4E9160b860fbD2b94a5C1B61153 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x2F6e1CD70fBBfD27cD512CFCc3d980a7Af4923a3 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x22B0cD56859db4E9160b860fbD2b94a5C1B61153 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
Ambiguous event, possible interpretations:
* IdleTokenV3_1Mock.OwnershipTransferred(
   newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
* IdleTokenV3_1Mock.OwnershipTransferred(
   newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
 )
PauserRole.PauserAdded(
 account: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
PauserRole.PauserAdded(
 account: <indexed> 0xaDa343Cb6820F4f5001749892f6CAA9920129F2A (type: address)
)
_____
 ✓ setAllAvailableTokensAndWrappers (1301ms)
 ✓ allows onlyOwner to setRebalancer (489ms)
 ✓ allows onlyOwner to setOracleAddress (465ms)
```

✓ allows onlyOwner to setFeeAddress (254ms) ✓ allows onlyOwner to setFee (422ms) ✓ allows onlyOwner to setMaxUnlentPerc (374ms) ✓ calculates current tokenPrice when IdleToken supply is 0 (77ms) \checkmark calculates current tokenPrice when funds are all in one (4578ms) \checkmark calculates current tokenPrice when funds are all in one pool (5551ms) ✓ calculates current tokenPrice when funds are in different pools (8482ms) ✓ get all APRs from every protocol (538ms) \checkmark get current avg apr of idle (with no COMP apr) (3339ms) ✓ get current avg apr of idle with COMP (1999ms) ✓ mints idle tokens (1757ms) \checkmark cannot mints idle tokens when paused (710ms) \checkmark does not redeem if idleToken total supply is 0 (168ms) ✓ redeems idle tokens (4349ms) ✓ redeems idle tokens using unlent pool (4193ms) ✓ redeemInterestBearingTokens (4897ms) \checkmark cannot rebalance when paused (295ms) \checkmark rebalances when _newAmount > 0 and only one protocol is used (1933ms) \checkmark rebalances when _newAmount > 0 and only one protocol is used and no unlent pool (2627ms) ✓ rebalances and multiple protocols are used (5714ms) ✓ _amountsFromAllocations (public version) ✓ _mintWithAmounts (public version) (2138ms) ✓ _redeemAllNeeded (public version) when liquidity is available (3905ms) ✓ _redeemAllNeeded (public version) when liquidity is available and with reallocation of everything (5673ms) ✓ _redeemAllNeeded (public version) with low liquidity available (4669ms) \checkmark rebalance when liquidity is availabler (7191ms) ✓ rebalance when liquidity is not available (6737ms) \checkmark rebalance when liquidity is not available and no unlent perc (6399ms) ✓ rebalance when underlying tokens are in contract (ie after mint) and rebalance and idle allocations are equal (7093ms) \checkmark rebalance with no new amount and allocations are equal (4505ms) ✓ rebalance when prev rebalance was not able to redeem all liquidity because a protocol has low liquidity (14144ms) \checkmark calculates fee correctly when minting / redeeming and no unlent (7868ms) \checkmark calculates fee correctly when minting / redeeming with unlent (9121ms) \checkmark calculates fee correctly when minting multiple times and redeeming (10786ms) \checkmark calculates fee correctly when minting multiple times and redeeming with different fees (14902ms) \checkmark calculates fee correctly when redeeming a transferred idleToken amount (10250ms) ✓ calculates fee correctly when redeeming a transferred idleToken amount with different fees (12117ms) ✓ calculates fee correctly when redeeming a transferred idleToken amount after having previosly deposited (12842ms) \checkmark calculates fee correctly when using transferFrom (7928ms) ✓ charges fee only to some part to whom previously deposited when there was not fee and deposited also when there was a fee (5093ms) ✓ charges fee only to some part to whom previously deposited when there was fee and deposited also when there was no fee (9842ms) ✓ redeemGovTokens complex test (6930ms) ✓ redeemGovTokens (6555ms) ✓ redeemGovTokens test 2 (3999ms) ✓ getGovTokensAmounts (4202ms) ✓ redeemGovTokens with fee (6699ms) ✓ redeemGovTokens on transfer to new user (5436ms) ✓ redeemGovTokens on transfer to existing user (5705ms) \checkmark transfer correctly updates userAvgPrice when transferring an amount > of no fee qty (7263ms) ✓ setAllocations contract fix - setAllocations should not fail if wrappers count increased (935ms) ✓ setAllocations contract fix - setAllocations should not fail if wrappers count decreased (736ms) ✓ getGovTokens (57ms) ✓ getAllAvailableTokens (63ms) ✓ getProtocolTokenToGov (41ms) ✓ getAllocations (1858ms) 2) flashLoanFee Events emitted during test: -----

```
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x494CA97b571716177b91B1dF6e7b2Fd1d459B7A6 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x2569C597b5a36c3441D8FD82f5CB14128f70544e (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x93C1837740373534cD6113d06cA032Ed735937DF (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x5f74946317FB10f3899Ce0261a105C99068C0903 (type: address),
 value: 10000000000000 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 value: 1000000000000 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0xB53D5e67Aa9134f31E1D5dc78D22751b469e5172 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x3d743E270a1eE8332d7Ef63F63E060DEBDe43Dd4 (type: address),
```

spender: <indexed> 0x5f74946317FB10f3899Ce0261a105C99068C0903 (type: address), value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)

Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(

newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address))

IERC20.Approval(

owner: <indexed> 0x4d3853a48744cFDE8575347E1A31e8DB90BC046D (type: address), spender: <indexed> 0xB53D5e67Aa9134f31E1D5dc78D22751b469e5172 (type: address), value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256))

IERC20.Transfer(

to: <indexed> 0x71DC02d2E39b4Dd7A7B825481002f6748A6644C0 (type: address),

)

)

IERC20.Transfer(to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),

)

IERC20.Transfer(

from: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address), to: <indexed> 0xb45ACDe13BAf56d71f54a6039F0739f06b6ac781 (type: address),

)

Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(

newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)

)

IERC20.Approval(

```
owner: <indexed> 0xD5AAb05CA46F0adF19f648F0Af2cd69884Ad3700 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0xC8CFfacf1958b163F024506B77eb50753f74129b (type: address)
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x541F7171e3Ae58537dE9A1B7dDE2dA23AeAA6d25 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x1E0447b19BB6EcFdAe1e4AE1694b0C3659614e4e (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x541F7171e3Ae58537dE9A1B7dDE2dA23AeAA6d25 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x541F7171e3Ae58537dE9A1B7dDE2dA23AeAA6d25 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x6056248a0b3b469A16E285b69FE0D29d1D117ED4 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x440817F68675Af56c4A5460400CeAF421156a72a (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x541F7171e3Ae58537dE9A1B7dDE2dA23AeAA6d25 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x440817F68675Af56c4A5460400CeAF421156a72a (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x541F7171e3Ae58537dE9A1B7dDE2dA23AeAA6d25 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
Ambiguous event, possible interpretations:
* IdleTokenV3_1Mock.OwnershipTransferred(
   newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
* IdleTokenV3_1Mock.OwnershipTransferred(
   newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
```

PauserRole.PauserAdded(

account: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)

)

)

PauserRole.PauserAdded(

account: <indexed> 0xaDa343Cb6820F4f5001749892f6CAA9920129F2A (type: address)

)

✓ maxFlashLoan (5315ms)

✓ tokenPriceWithFee (8712ms)✓ redeemIdleTokenSkipGov (11105ms)

3) executes a flash loan

Events emitted during test:

IERC20.Transfer(

)

IERC20.Transfer(

```
IERC20.Transfer(
```

)

)

)

)

IERC20.Approval(

owner: <indexed> 0xACc5f58366048b4107335cAb9987Cb9D3F5c703C (type: address), spender: <indexed> 0xAb6261B4f9E7997f41F5965001624b8090F0A57f (type: address), value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256))

```
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
```

```
IERC20.Approval(
```

owner: <indexed> 0x2811B081ecD440De1d623990b31A140c1d385927 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0xBf15a702F770ea6aef3166633616Bb9B734E776a (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)

IERC20.Transfer(

)

```
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 from: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 to: <indexed> 0x6A306c1bECDAD43da6e51AA7B4fB6373724d1c96 (type: address),
 )
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x84feFc456430E063EF164ae02e4f3E7B9B82F94e (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0xCE08F45dAf36F98A0e33a61dB95A5b6F8F2D1Ce5 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x1CaCa9F10B5dC472b7b14d28904eFA29Bb117C35 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x1E0447b19BB6EcFdAe1e4AE1694b0C3659614e4e (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x1CaCa9F10B5dC472b7b14d28904eFA29Bb117C35 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 to: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x1CaCa9F10B5dC472b7b14d28904eFA29Bb117C35 (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x6707b74355b35D990CE0c3D39fB299D6c4e19943 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x097628F6bD655091ae13f99b4Af0DC3909A2787c (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x1CaCa9F10B5dC472b7b14d28904eFA29Bb117C35 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x097628F6bD655091ae13f99b4Af0DC3909A2787c (type: address),
  spender: <indexed> 0x1CaCa9F10B5dC472b7b14d28904eFA29Bb117C35 (type: address),
 value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129639935 (type: uint256)
)
Ownable.OwnershipTransferred(
 newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
Ambiguous event, possible interpretations:
* IdleTokenV3_1Mock.OwnershipTransferred(
   newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
* IdleTokenV3_1Mock.OwnershipTransferred(
   newOwner: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
 )
PauserRole.PauserAdded(
 account: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address)
)
PauserRole.PauserAdded(
 account: <indexed> 0xaDa343Cb6820F4f5001749892f6CAA9920129F2A (type: address)
)
IERC20.Transfer(
 from: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address),
 to: <indexed> 0x7b94aC3E3AC4a2f5347E3e60616D9F1e51a1a25a (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x7b94aC3E3AC4a2f5347E3e60616D9F1e51a1a25a (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Transfer(
 from: <indexed> 0x7b94aC3E3AC4a2f5347E3e60616D9F1e51a1a25a (type: address),
 to: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address),
 )
IERC20.Approval(
 owner: <indexed> 0x7b94aC3E3AC4a2f5347E3e60616D9F1e51a1a25a (type: address),
 spender: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address),
 value: 0 (type: uint256)
)
Ambiguous event, possible interpretations:
* IdleTokenV3_1Mock.Transfer(
   to: <indexed> 0x7b94aC3E3AC4a2f5347E3e60616D9F1e51a1a25a (type: address),
   * IdleTokenV3 1Mock.Transfer(
   to: <indexed> 0x7b94aC3E3AC4a2f5347E3e60616D9F1e51a1a25a (type: address),
   )
IdleTokenV3_1NoConst.Referral(
  _amount: 1000000000000000000000000 (type: uint256),
```

IERC20.Transfer(

from: <indexed> 0x47fCbA4f604F60087f046627E9323768b4339046 (type: address), to: <indexed> 0x4F4b696dd715829E4d9BF7A565Cb2D1AFe152F55 (type: address), value: 20000000000000000000 (type: uint256)

IERC20.Transfer(

from: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address), to: <indexed> 0x4F4b696dd715829E4d9BF7A565Cb2D1AFe152F55 (type: address), value: 10000000000000000000 (type: uint256)

)

)

)

IERC20.Approval(

owner: <indexed> 0x4F4b696dd715829E4d9BF7A565Cb2D1AFe152F55 (type: address), spender: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address), value: 10008000000000000000 (type: uint256)

)

IERC20.Transfer(

from: <indexed> 0x4F4b696dd715829E4d9BF7A565Cb2D1AFe152F55 (type: address), to: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address), value: 10008000000000000000 (type: uint256)

)

IERC20.Approval(

owner: <indexed> 0x4F4b696dd715829E4d9BF7A565Cb2D1AFe152F55 (type: address), spender: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address), value: 0 (type: uint256)

)

IERC20.Transfer(

from: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address), to: <indexed> 0xACc5f58366048b4107335cAb9987Cb9D3F5c703C (type: address), value: 9907920000000000000 (type: uint256)

)

IERC20.Transfer(from: <indexed> 0xACc5f58366048b4107335cAb9987Cb9D3F5c703C (type: address),

```
to: <indexed> 0xAb6261B4f9E7997f41F5965001624b8090F0A57f (type: address),
   )
 IERC20.Approval(
   owner: <indexed> 0xACc5f58366048b4107335cAb9987Cb9D3F5c703C (type: address),
   spender: <indexed> 0xAb6261B4f9E7997f41F5965001624b8090F0A57f (type: address),
   value: 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564038466792007913129639935 (type: uint256)
 )
 IERC20.Transfer(
   to: <indexed> 0xACc5f58366048b4107335cAb9987Cb9D3F5c703C (type: address),
   value: 495396000000 (type: uint256)
 )
 IERC20.Transfer(
   from: <indexed> 0xACc5f58366048b4107335cAb9987Cb9D3F5c703C (type: address),
   to: <indexed> 0x348fD6DBc7105923Bc085021c4BAecB5E226A542 (type: address),
   value: 495396000000 (type: uint256)
 )
 IdleTokenV3_1NoConst.FlashLoan(
    target: <indexed> 0x4F4b696dd715829E4d9BF7A565Cb2D1AFe152F55 (type: address),
   initiator: <indexed> 0x7b94aC3E3AC4a2f5347E3e60616D9F1e51a1a25a (type: address),
    )
  -----
   \checkmark sets gov tokens when _newGovTokens and _protocolTokens lengths are different (645ms)
Contract: MinimalInitializableProxyFactory
   ✓ deploys a minimal proxy and initializes it (626ms)
Contract: IdleAave
   \checkmark constructor set a token address (256ms)
   ✓ constructor set an underlying address (479ms)
   ✓ allows onlyOwner to setIdleToken (899ms)
   ✓ returns next supply rate given amount (178ms)
   \checkmark returns next supply rate given params (counting fee) (557ms)
   ✓ getPriceInToken returns aToken price (67ms)
   ✓ getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee) (83ms)
   \checkmark mint returns 0 if no tokens are presenti in this contract (80ms)
   \checkmark mint creates aTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (1422ms)
   \checkmark redeem creates aTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (1503ms)
Contract: IdleAaveV2
   \checkmark constructor set a token address (457ms)
   ✓ constructor set an underlying address (365ms)
   \checkmark returns next supply rate given amount (1185ms)
   ✓ getPriceInToken returns aToken price (136ms)
   \checkmark getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee) (326ms)
   \checkmark mint returns 0 if no tokens are present in this contract (581ms)
   \checkmark mint creates aTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (2369ms)
   \checkmark redeem creates aTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (3151ms)
```

constructor set an underlying address

 \checkmark constructor set a token address

✓ allows onlyOwner to setIdleToken (877ms)

✓ allows onlyOwner to setBlocksPerYear (939ms)

 \checkmark returns next supply rate given amount (92ms)

✓ returns next supply rate given params (counting fee) (399ms)

✓ getPriceInToken returns cToken price (1330ms)

✓ getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee) (991ms)

 \checkmark mint returns 0 if no tokens are presenti in this contract (39ms)

 \checkmark mint creates cTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (3213ms)

 \checkmark redeem creates cTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (1990ms)

Contract: IdleCompoundETH

Contract: IdleCompound

 \checkmark constructor set a token address

 \checkmark constructor set an underlying address (361ms)

✓ constructor set an underlying address (940ms)

✓ allows onlyOwner to setBlocksPerYear (2781ms)

 \checkmark returns next supply rate given amount (3413ms)

✓ returns next supply rate given params (counting fee) (942ms)

✓ getPriceInToken returns cToken price (1372ms)

✓ getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee) (1650ms) \checkmark mint returns 0 if no tokens are present in this contract (51ms)

✓ mint creates cTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (2947ms)

 \checkmark redeem creates cTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (1912ms)

Contract: IdleCompoundV2

 \checkmark constructor set a token address

✓ constructor set an underlying address (913ms)

✓ allows onlyOwner to setIdleToken (1161ms)

✓ allows onlyOwner to setBlocksPerYear (3980ms)

 \checkmark returns next supply rate given amount (5458ms)

✓ returns next supply rate given params (counting fee) (3674ms)

✓ getPriceInToken returns cToken price (6283ms)

✓ getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee) (8676ms)

 \checkmark mint returns 0 if no tokens are presenti in this contract (4051ms)

 \checkmark mint creates cTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (12334ms)

 \checkmark redeem creates cTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (2412ms)

Contract: IdleDSR

 \checkmark constructor set a token address

 \checkmark constructor set an underlying address (941ms)

✓ constructor set CHAI contract infinite allowance to spend our DAI (1488ms)

✓ constructor set an secondsInAYear (1485ms)

✓ allows onlyOwner to setIdleToken (9626ms)

 \checkmark returns next supply rate given 0 amount (6733ms)

4) "before each" hook for "returns next supply rate given amount != 0"

Contract: IdleDyDx

5) "before each" hook for "constructor set a token address"

Contract: IdleFulcrum

✓ constructor set a token address (10385ms)

 \checkmark constructor set a underlying address (2725ms)

✓ allows onlyOwner to setIdleToken (2652ms)

 \checkmark returns next supply rate given amount (656ms)

✓ returns next supply rate given params (501ms)

✓ getPriceInToken returns iToken price (941ms)

✓ getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee ie spreadMultiplier) (2515ms)

 \checkmark mint returns 0 if no tokens are presenti in this contract (563ms)

✓ mint creates iTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (2288ms)

 \checkmark redeem creates iTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (3582ms)

✓ redeem reverts if not all amount is available (2791ms)

Contract: IdleFulcrumDisabled

✓ constructor set a token address (1030ms)

✓ constructor set a underlying address (364ms)

✓ allows onlyOwner to setIdleToken (3459ms)

```
✓ returns next supply rate given amount (2296ms)
   ✓ returns next supply rate given params (875ms)
   ✓ getPriceInToken returns iToken price (2893ms)
   ✓ getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee ie spreadMultiplier) (3033ms)
   \checkmark mint returns 0 if no tokens are present in this contract (1512ms)
   \checkmark mint creates iTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (6776ms)
   \checkmark redeem creates iTokens and it sends them to msg.sender (8859ms)
   ✓ redeem reverts if not all amount is available (19439ms)
Contract: IdleFulcrumV2
   \checkmark constructor set a token address (4487ms)
   \checkmark constructor set a underlying address (7153ms)
   ✓ allows onlyOwner to setIdleToken (32148ms)
   ✓ returns next supply rate given amount (36846ms)
   ✓ returns next supply rate given params (55887ms)
   ✓ getPriceInToken returns iToken price (71970ms)
  6) "before each" hook for "getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee ie spreadMultiplier)"
Contract: yxToken
 7) "before each" hook for "constructor set a underlying address"
```

```
161 passing (1h)
7 failing
```

```
1) Contract: IdleTokenV3_1
     _init set stuff:
```

```
AssertionError: expected '80' to equal '90'
+ expected - actual
```

```
-80
+90
```

```
at Context.<anonymous> (test/IdleTokenV3_1.js:329:59)
at runMicrotasks (<anonymous>)
at processTicksAndRejections (internal/process/task queues.js:93:5)
```

```
2) Contract: IdleTokenV3 1
     flashLoanFee:
```

AssertionError: expected '80' to equal '90' + expected - actual -80 +90 at Context.<anonymous> (test/IdleTokenV3_1.js:2520:29) at runMicrotasks (<anonymous>) at processTicksAndRejections (internal/process/task_queues.js:93:5) 3) Contract: IdleTokenV3_1 executes a flash loan: + expected - actual -8000000000000000000 +900000000000000000 at executeFlashLoan (test/IdleTokenV3_1.js:2703:39) at runMicrotasks (<anonymous>) at processTicksAndRejections (internal/process/task_queues.js:93:5) at Context.<anonymous> (test/IdleTokenV3_1.js:2730:5) 4) Contract: IdleDSR "before each" hook for "returns next supply rate given amount != 0": Error: Timeout of 300000ms exceeded. For async tests and hooks, ensure "done()" is called; if returning a Promise, ensure it resolves. (/home/ezulkosk/audits/idle-contracts/test/wrappers/IdleDSR.js) at listOnTimeout (internal/timers.js:554:17) at processTimers (internal/timers.js:497:7) 5) Contract: IdleDyDx "before each" hook for "constructor set a token address": Error: Timeout of 300000ms exceeded. For async tests and hooks, ensure "done()" is called; if returning a Promise, ensure it resolves. (/home/ezulkosk/audits/idle-contracts/test/wrappers/IdleDyDx.js) at listOnTimeout (internal/timers.js:554:17) at processTimers (internal/timers.js:497:7) 6) Contract: IdleFulcrumV2 "before each" hook for "getAPR returns current yearly rate (counting fee ie spreadMultiplier)": Error: Timeout of 300000ms exceeded. For async tests and hooks, ensure "done()" is called; if returning a Promise, ensure it resolves. (/home/ezulkosk/audits/idle-contracts/test/wrappers/IdleFulcrumV2.js) at listOnTimeout (internal/timers.js:554:17) at processTimers (internal/timers.js:497:7) 7) Contract: yxToken "before each" hook for "constructor set a underlying address": Error: Timeout of 300000ms exceeded. For async tests and hooks, ensure "done()" is called; if returning a Promise, ensure it resolves. (/home/ezulkosk/audits/idle-contracts/test/wrappers/yxToken.js) at listOnTimeout (internal/timers.js:554:17) at processTimers (internal/timers.js:497:7)



The code is generally well covered by the tests.

Update: Coverage of several wrappers and token contracts are reported as zero because mock files were tested instead of the primary contracts. We recommend ensuring that the tests exercise code in the primary contracts.

**Update as of commit e09d4f5: some tests fail due to timeouts which influenced coverage and test results. However the two contracts in scope, IdleTokenGovernance.sol and IdleTokenHelper.sol had full coverage.

File	% Stmts	% Branch	% Funcs	% Lines	Uncovered Lines
contracts/	8.65	4.88	9.47	8.71	
GST2Consumer.sol	0	0	0	0	38,39,40,42
GST2ConsumerV2.sol	100	100	100	100	
IdleBatchConverter.sol	92	75	80	92	47,63
IdleRebalancerV3_1.sol	38.71	16.67	25	37.5	106,111,116
IdleTokenGovernance.sol	0	0	0	0	9,1170,1175
IdleTokenHelper.sol	0	0	0	0	115,116,117
IdleTokenV3_1.sol	0	0	0	0	213,222,231
IdleViewHelper.sol	0	0	0	0	106,107,108
MinimalInitializableProxyFactory.sol	88.89	50	75	81.82	37,38
contracts/interfaces/	100	100	100	100	
AToken.sol	100	100	100	100	
AaveInterestRateStrategy.sol	100	100	100	100	
AaveInterestRateStrategyV2.sol	100	100	100	100	
AaveLendingPool.sol	100	100	100	100	
AaveLendingPoolCore.sol	100	100	100	100	
AaveLendingPoolProvider.sol	100	100	100	100	
AaveLendingPoolProviderV2.sol	100	100	100	100	
AaveLendingPoolV2.sol	100	100	100	100	
CERC20.sol	100	100	100	100	
CETH.sol	100	100	100	100	
CHAI.sol	100	100	100	100	
Comptroller.sol	100	100	100	100	
DataTypes.sol	100	100	100	100	
DyDx.sol	100	100	100	100	

File	% Stmts	% Branch	% Funcs	% Lines	Uncovered Lines
DyDxStructs.sol	100	100	100	100	
GasToken.sol	100	100	100	100	
Gauge.sol	100	100	100	100	
GovernorAlpha.sol	100	100	100	100	
IAToken.sol	100	100	100	100	
IAdminUpgradeabilityProxy.sol	100	100	100	100	
IERC20Detailed.sol	100	100	100	100	
IERC20Mintable.sol	100	100	100	100	
IERC3156FlashBorrower.sol	100	100	100	100	
IERC3156FlashLender.sol	100	100	100	100	
IGovToken.sol	100	100	100	100	
IGovernorAlpha.sol	100	100	100	100	
IIdleRebalancer.sol	100	100	100	100	
IIdleRebalancerV3.sol	100	100	100	100	
IIdleToken.sol	100	100	100	100	
IIdleTokenGovernance.sol	100	100	100	100	
IIdleTokenHelper.sol	100	100	100	100	
IIdleTokenV3.sol	100	100	100	100	
IIdleTokenV3_1.sol	100	100	100	100	
IInterestSetter.sol	100	100	100	100	
ILendingProtocol.sol	100	100	100	100	
IProxyAdmin.sol	100	100	100	100	
IStableDebtToken.sol	100	100	100	100	
IUniswapV2Router02.sol	100	100	100	100	
IVariableDebtToken.sol	100	100	100	100	
IWETH.sol	100	100	100	100	
Idle.sol	100	100	100	100	
IdleController.sol	100	100	100	100	
PotLike.sol	100	100	100	100	
PriceOracle.sol	100	100	100	100	
RealUSDC.sol	100	100	100	100	
USDT.sol	100	100	100	100	
UniswapExchangeInterface.sol	100	100	100	100	
UniswapV2Router.sol	100	100	100	100	
Vester.sol	100	100	100	100	
VesterFactory.sol	100	100	100	100	
WhitePaperInterestRateModel.sol	100	100	100	100	
iERC20Fulcrum.sol	100	100	100	100	
contracts/libraries/	0	0	0	0	
Domath.sol	0	0	0	6	20,23,29,68
CONTRACTS/MOCKS/	69.8/	55.31	5/.5/	69.88 75	1 /
AaveStableDebtTokopMock.col	100	100	80 100	100	14
AaveVariahleDehtTokenMock sol	100	100	100	100	
CHATMock sol	20	ß	16 67	200	20 21 25 26
COMPMock col	JC 100	100	100	100	סכ,ככ,דכ,טכ
GUTH HUCK. SUL	TOO	TOO	TOO	TOO	

File	% Stmts	% Branch	% Funcs	% Lines	Uncovered Lines
ComptrollerMock.sol	85.71	50	60	85.71	27
DAIMock.sol	100	100	100	100	
DyDxMock.sol	3.85	0	6.25	3.85	88,90,91,92
FlashLoanerMock.sol	100	100	100	100	
ForceSend.sol	0	100	0	0	5
GasTokenMock.sol	100	100	0	100	
IDLEMock.sol	0	100	0	0	11,12
IdleAaveNoConst.sol	94.12	70	90.91	94.29	196,197
IdleControllerMock.sol	83.33	50	37.5	83.33	26
IdleDSRNoConst.sol	12.9	7.14	8.33	12.5	159,160,164
IdleDyDxNoConst.sol	60	50	54.55	61.11	140,155,183
IdleTokenHelperMock.sol	40	100	50	40	16,17,18
IdleTokenHelperNoConst.sol	100	83.33	100	100	
IdleTokenV3_1Mock.sol	100	50	100	100	
IdleTokenV3_1NoConst.sol	91.12	70.34	92.45	90.91	23,957,1034
InterestSetterMock.sol	0	100	0	0	10,13
PotLikeMock.sol	0	100	0	0	17,20,23,26
PriceOracleMock.sol	100	100	100	100	
USDCMock.sol	0	100	0	0	11,12
WETHMock.sol	65	37.5	57.14	65	55,56,70,71
WhitePaperMock.sol	60	100	20	60	19,22
aDAIMock.sol	100	50	100	100	
aDAIWrapperMock.sol	60	100	63.64	60	24,27,30,33
<pre>aaveInterestRateStrategyMock.sol</pre>	75	100	80	75	14
aaveLendingPoolCoreMock.sol	66.67	100	66.67	66.67	25,32,39,46
aaveLendingPoolMock.sol	23.08	100	28.57	23.08	46,47,48,49
aaveLendingPoolMockV2.sol	100	100	100	100	
aaveLendingPoolProviderMock.sol	100	100	100	100	
cDAIMock.sol	100	50	93.33	100	
cDAIWrapperMock.sol	84.62	50	78.57	84.62	37,59,65,68
cUSDCMock.sol	0	0	0	0	73,76,79,82
cUSDCWrapperMock.sol	0	0	0	0	77,80,86,89
CWETHMock.sol	88	50	75	88	60,63,84
iDATMOCK.sol	47.06	57.5	16	47.06	117,124,130
idleBatebMack.sol	100	20	100	100	54,45,49,52
idleNeuPatebMaek col	100	100	100	100	
vyDATWrapperMock sol	60	100	67 64	60	24 27 30 33
yxTokenMock sol	85 71	50	71 43	85 71	24,27,30,33
vyTokenNoConst sol	9 09	50	11 11	9 09	136 140 141
contracts/others/	ρ.σγ	Ø	Ω	9	190,171
BasicMetaTransaction.sol	0	0	0	0	66.67.68.73
EIP712Base.sol	0	100	0	0	17,27,33,44
EIP712MetaTransaction.sol	0	0	0	0	65,66,71,73
contracts/tests/	100	100	100	100	
Foo.sol	100	100	100	100	

File	% Stmts	% Branch	% Funcs	% Lines	Uncovered Lines
contracts/wrappers/	34.1	17.24	25.89	33.99	
IdleAave.sol	0	0	0	0	185,189,190
IdleAaveV2.sol	92.59	50	77.78	92.86	69,159
IdleCompound.sol	97.83	62.5	90.91	97.87	217
IdleCompoundETH.sol	97.56	50	90.91	97.62	204
IdleCompoundV2.sol	22.22	18.75	18.18	21.62	178,179,183
IdleDSR.sol	0	0	0	0	151,152,156
IdleDyDx.sol	0	0	0	0	147,162,166
IdleFulcrum.sol	0	0	0	0	145,146,150
IdleFulcrumDisabled.sol	0	0	0	0	137,138,142
IdleFulcrumV2.sol	0	0	0	0	137,138,142
yxToken.sol	0	0	0	0	136,140,141
All files	44.84	29.2	42.39	44.6	

Appendix

File Signatures

The following are the SHA-256 hashes of the reviewed files. A file with a different SHA-256 hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. You are cautioned that a different SHA-256 hash could be (but is not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of the review.

Contracts

cb50e8e3e594a81dc83e0cf49f617941a18d1af83d386943d1f20fa0dd200c86 ./contracts/GST2Consumer.sol 6341f0c902b0651922968bac1b1e5b8e797489faf7ef5e763a544a450d9532cc ./contracts/GST2ConsumerV2.sol 438cdf1986f293e4450935308634df9f2c3e46f962a40941b2e841f3a0f6bf26 ./contracts/IdleBatchConverter.sol 56b6894d0659ffa4f19047613503696b87e31d342055b7a9617f62d6ed4e3e95 ./contracts/IdleRebalancerV3_1.sol blad8flcb504167d4922fb1815f407d1f4e3c01ae0fc87c08a4131339ad2d0ec ./contracts/IdleTokenGovernance.sol 27b8f77d310a8ca4e3c2ee7550c5aab56e2b904896a1e4138e64b5945ba6a817 ./contracts/IdleTokenHelper.sol 21feafdfe57a4713f5c4a230740257949b2bbf691a39c1b3ca3e368e30dbed01 ./contracts/IdleTokenV3 1.sol 600dfee96cf6c6fd38a218fb27928f5e6adf430616cf678ec9d3cd0479019076 ./contracts/IdleViewHelper.sol ffd751a32d9fb50ae7fd3b1724dc30556d83c33367b28a1ee66e4f56af9d65e7 ./contracts/Migrations.sol 09801d7f5658c723d314cf03a0878c8a84edfd9e3dc354d88e16e5ca5d5d1694 ./contracts/MinimalInitializableProxyFactory.sol ae9c56710189a2541ee0164e4a01a0728e03aebdb4c1e60076f81fc343a5ae81 ./contracts/wrappers/IdleAave.sol 14ad3f5658df7c5dfc4ca3a49ba2063d859024774ab00975d1eb24fc46611c6a ./contracts/wrappers/IdleAaveV2.sol 042c9a2781853d5ed66b3d8d6201a973d5071230ca4fa23b7d06e82fd2f3f493 ./contracts/wrappers/IdleCompound.sol 8edc23b10d723319b7e1828c9e2ee2d42bbd85127b30820f581421354a1f78e3 ./contracts/wrappers/IdleCompoundETH.sol 516b144e5fb9f08b65235d21aa89705741d2e269ca5f170bc37cbb07cb0f87cd ./contracts/wrappers/IdleCompoundV2.sol dd032d7fcc9143dd79025fc615d28b7c382eafe24b0fe4e0fdfd8f9b723a223c ./contracts/wrappers/IdleDSR.sol de5c8e471accbb077ad6793e1c60683e67bb1575f415390d7e71b97b8fbeaf66 ./contracts/wrappers/IdleDyDx.sol 452c9e06ec3a218229259b20a0ae26ac140d10e6ee3c6f3c8e1a1ee542732647 ./contracts/wrappers/IdleFulcrum.sol ed3e0a41a28490cbef139927143bf85ea776dcba90fdf0d88b652689e949f2f0 ./contracts/wrappers/IdleFulcrumDisabled.sol e9a689cfb6fb46cdf3644e9e52ec9e3f2576da8724439d8d05e7845724cbde60 ./contracts/wrappers/IdleFulcrumV2.sol fe50d4a334e03b70e55a8d159570070238e2a16d2213f2ae997d80cf398fe6b1 ./contracts/wrappers/yxToken.sol 1cab6221e40bebe7cfc8eb26bb049a6406b1c6d27b244fe33433e2ada194d306 ./contracts/tests/Foo.sol 1d53dfc9360c4975560a07e99bcb5c8882e0fc00a3c5fe23064631f051392356 ./contracts/others/BasicMetaTransaction.sol 304b03c570cb413afb28ed850aed112f0ef28b01850339e5c46f6479143873b7 ./contracts/others/EIP712Base.sol 513597938e062f74be0751429228d3b77d4a2e0fdee04510be9a23defd8c2ffc ./contracts/others/EIP712MetaTransaction.sol 7690baa9f464e5b9005b5ac3f32f68ad79f01ff69a57f3a96d58fd2f598dc67e ./contracts/mocks/aaveInterestRateStrategyMock.sol 95c589f05e2a9e3ab360dad60a39491a62489896b044ada67b1e24533b7e044f ./contracts/mocks/AaveInterestRateStrategyMockV2.sol 46b1695469eec18088c22842468a76cae83c429e135792e58af3cdd4f8684f97 ./contracts/mocks/aaveLendingPoolCoreMock.sol 4d6700a12609c826a559cf9111ec12c665e0c5a225027bb541c08cdea26b160e ./contracts/mocks/aaveLendingPoolMock.sol e3e1e2656454004893c17c15c09aca9952b20bbdc53bb1de57496ab30f00b062 ./contracts/mocks/aaveLendingPoolMockV2.sol a7ceeafde8ac95c36bb1d1756521a686d225b1e62a8ce7510d302b513f28e85d ./contracts/mocks/aaveLendingPoolProviderMock.sol d61d046e28fc88d36fc490e86286e2f3e269718bcdc8b5615f7aef03307e37e4 ./contracts/mocks/AaveStableDebtTokenMock.sol 183cb180870733fa51cdc382cec5aa306bac91d14483e8d53581bdf121436279 ./contracts/mocks/AaveVariableDebtTokenMock.sol 084e2dee6aad484af4d2104331dd6c262815bc478fbb9a346cf43367482ed459 ./contracts/mocks/aDAIMock.sol ebf4a51e421e210584e40e951f67efc1d8e5ee18584697d2dc05cd9887a3a02c ./contracts/mocks/aDAIWrapperMock.sol d08719e992bb6088cbc198b50c4e1a0d5e506f126b4787b7fd484cb267500c32 ./contracts/mocks/cDAIMock.sol

78fbeef0d9d0c111d5252bd9da7fc5841b8ecc04002e834aaa304b130519988c ./contracts/mocks/cDAIWrapperMock.sol f93b6b4f22b3eff48fa00a89f8ec8ef9b8dbc4f14ad79c39f00161233b7d1d18 ./contracts/mocks/CHAIMock.sol ff3d0f6903ab36c587f9a6f56f682068e23278843b9a6775d85d984760a3b4d1 ./contracts/mocks/COMPMock.sol 693b69819db0b74712299c245bbb6d574aa1fa24cc7183153ad5f72b5908562d ./contracts/mocks/ComptrollerMock.sol a9f670d48a6f1b757429f3bcb5e9e9682b88b87a73667ed1850e822a588f65c7 ./contracts/mocks/cUSDCMock.sol cae54665d5c87a410b103621a8d92fb9fc0465f4ffcff2a5eea1055c0220b30e ./contracts/mocks/cUSDCWrapperMock.sol 49cd31818be45e5c50c1b414f979ebe121ee4539619ced940c00c99e65551a32 ./contracts/mocks/cWETHMock.sol cebe2c9dadad843bc01fe5e188773248e779e061fb72d11c34eed9a3de0ac5ff ./contracts/mocks/DAIMock.sol a14f262292dee9a5c072f40586ad1e98645efbefbfb1bb28fadd9852f2ea21e5 ./contracts/mocks/DyDxMock.sol 9f6fd266d87523ce293ab6be43c2f4707a88330d6d15ca5ae3334fb0298d9a4e ./contracts/mocks/FlashLoanerMock.sol 226302828e1e6801e388a780a7e1f5ec7c6d00f2a21d5b23e395b6fa03b5ac0e ./contracts/mocks/ForceSend.sol c908417ccf62bf91587e749e21cbf25106c32e82d8d2df7f2ee4a1de5d6635c8 ./contracts/mocks/GasTokenMock.sol 6a7a8776097cb1874b7408e849a5cfc31acb46fede6b787ecf27b14303626587 ./contracts/mocks/iDAIMock.sol fa63babd02cabca4b03ed47de2e46c7d21a287325a7a41c8b182e92f2670cbd9 ./contracts/mocks/iDAIWrapperMock.sol 20f1ed2a6763a04fca95f4618fb5807a5b7b205b5621cb217587693e33124770 ./contracts/mocks/IdleAaveNoConst.sol eaf098d90370f307503d822006d69e4060a45acdd22863570e5f01df6f85b876 ./contracts/mocks/idleBatchMock.sol 4e47686c53566da4cf7d3429df9a737af1a8b547ca0eb1098f3a576a23f410fc ./contracts/mocks/IdleControllerMock.sol 275f276629c16be57e3297e80093ee68d0584cbffac7cb6a0fd4a0d6d22577d7 ./contracts/mocks/IdleDSRNoConst.sol ad7b05f3e17e363ed602d74e0c2175fdbba25384f4a4e2f363cdb5943893f5b5 ./contracts/mocks/IdleDyDxNoConst.sol c9acfdaea6dde4913dc686b281a199eaafa3822f6becd2f8911d96555d947e2e ./contracts/mocks/IDLEMock.sol d325c5366317657684d220d19c65379a6b594aa11bbdb1b4d0ad8ed570d8f286 ./contracts/mocks/idleNewBatchMock.sol e064f2ac2b3fe18eca14cb83203a3b903df28d4663cd569f919f20d0d610f39b ./contracts/mocks/IdleTokenHelperMock.sol de425dd525723e6b7239210cdcbb20e51a6e1e2813a6c01f2bdeed073c56ecc0 ./contracts/mocks/IdleTokenHelperNoConst.sol af86c5013b5b82039049e573bf8a41874f8f230cd0ad11f097b1fcd9f47effec ./contracts/mocks/IdleTokenV3_1Mock.sol 5cf7090f5710828c899450b35e3baf77a87b0ea8d34ce0b4723f1b765d2643fe ./contracts/mocks/IdleTokenV3 1NoConst.sol 615bdc68fb899fc4589085acfe8216e3ca53ce149036bc426fcc05be411b3015 ./contracts/mocks/InterestSetterMock.sol e4b8ae54d5bdcbd3537223fb96f2cdbdfe1861064ff22f9005911f04b950391e ./contracts/mocks/PotLikeMock.sol 31b93924b10ab3642fa618dc9275f9f3ac138795648aa92346a102e7819dc40b ./contracts/mocks/PriceOracleMock.sol fcc07f5f3da7ad6330e5876745bb8040e260dc958bdea8dc41585fe2e0e4df23 ./contracts/mocks/USDCMock.sol 764e043e89425d5541862af2a927be5d468071a12cd0a59c2f9f40704f8b302b ./contracts/mocks/WETHMock.sol 88b2f7f39a492552df9a8162ca4963211a5db6972aa5abc13836524f9681ff17 ./contracts/mocks/WhitePaperMock.sol 7e79e9711c53374379691defac075de72a56f37e3d07e27ff7ac8ffda820b23a ./contracts/mocks/yxDAIWrapperMock.sol 1b194f50c9528c8e77434c765a94a8f97040153633c39c968a124453646bbee3 ./contracts/mocks/yxTokenMock.sol 5f91d951ded04bc114597b848acf070b2d9781dd2b283f17c0f5a697834d5f4e ./contracts/mocks/yxTokenNoConst.sol 36e8d3f881312f1575c1d73feed068768587ebef76e19a8c55e80c7d5ecf548c ./contracts/libraries/DSMath.sol 7947bc218c29bef6b9311ec3b0ba5883c6067d6fa191bcaeddaae400d3783aea ./contracts/interfaces/AaveInterestRateStrategy.sol fb453193300a1ea84d35436536ee01b7cef2ad7eadd1829c57aa7840ae4994ba ./contracts/interfaces/AaveInterestRateStrategyV2.sol c1b64db188c22aa2f8dd8f8fc664f163b53071cdd98c85d67ab5888acf0d63fb ./contracts/interfaces/AaveLendingPool.sol d2ba6c9c8f02946bf98e53295e84b29c334bba2a3b9a755e78342e2621522419 ./contracts/interfaces/AaveLendingPoolCore.sol 1d3c1c096be8bbfb05392fd97c77d9d957dbb2f47b2a8d978da502e8bc8398e6 ./contracts/interfaces/AaveLendingPoolProvider.sol 77851eebeb0039af84466e76ff5c2067de12e3ba4e28983652e706da8691f5e0 ./contracts/interfaces/AaveLendingPoolProviderV2.sol e6112b547d55f40705ef0d633707350ac4f391a165dd11438b7dcf31386c1061 ./contracts/interfaces/AaveLendingPoolV2.sol 42f8369de2db5026fbf056992ca219645d98f9a623274784ea5d1a779c92ad26 ./contracts/interfaces/AToken.sol f22f7508591b8b41a13511c01e336416a772dda310b29d6df88de1b5b8d06854 ./contracts/interfaces/CERC20.sol e4d92cd3688939509570b286100fd6d65b16eb2427b321af5f2bb50d87732e7d ./contracts/interfaces/CETH.sol 206de751b0486eaadccdf76fa95e2d5978be9ea190f1561f12c3413cfff16969 ./contracts/interfaces/CHAI.sol d36649910a636ee1da75d0f33d71f5873b83b169a6d86c06fcdc6412c8e9828d ./contracts/interfaces/Comptroller.sol dba1842d6936dcf06e65aff0ea9d10d7b2e987e531774d58488503d6f9b23f35 ./contracts/interfaces/DataTypes.sol f9282a625866967b49f511894146d3bc8fe6a96f0467eeb39ff6a2df477d98c7 ./contracts/interfaces/DyDx.sol 9ddd041518883d7c8cf7e923c7446ef580bc43aa54db69cd2fd23f4b47be4649 ./contracts/interfaces/DyDxStructs.sol c3f95d558bd27571e06cffd518760bfbcbcbc3df68c05e8db55516de38774229 ./contracts/interfaces/GasToken.sol d3a6cb8c8bcf3312f169da866ae7b1c2aa430861e8c9796410fcaf8a31a65cd1 ./contracts/interfaces/Gauge.sol 07806c507c46dcecbac86a1b3d7e19ad350cce4912ae77b9bb2c97ee888ebbeb ./contracts/interfaces/GovernorAlpha.sol 1464b7d71602f83ad4ee283395aeea50951605765c46df2de968ba26b18b87b3 ./contracts/interfaces/IAdminUpgradeabilityProxy.sol 03fc731b1fba6162bb7bdb2041ed2e077f90a793e8f3f7c1e1d174dd24435473 ./contracts/interfaces/IAToken.sol ff45c284cad657ecd2e97de49e6385ae8dad5acab43f66fcc249f6fb0b652da5 ./contracts/interfaces/Idle.sol b13da4dcaee4a1cc3482baa39154b734a1d6c4d2e172035bf870e33b08043743 ./contracts/interfaces/IdleController.sol 65660b683ee4701fc7a1307bef629d25c14486c6a313f1eb7c9b08248788dce3 ./contracts/interfaces/IERC20Detailed.sol 6356b102e82c77f72c68597645d8d31cc5ea05a78af3e88e48b645b7b6e419ba ./contracts/interfaces/iERC20Fulcrum.sol b42481fd402344cedc5ab082aa415bc1df1f3082cd316dccc05ca00d1be4fd86 ./contracts/interfaces/IERC20Mintable.sol 7f4694524424d65aa60d313b51e931f8e96a2e450610afcf54978480d50d3e29 ./contracts/interfaces/IERC3156FlashBorrower.sol

99cda61bea419a5e9c66fa8659b0a5610694d50650ea6baf3bf15c72a78d3866 ./contracts/interfaces/IERC3156FlashLender.sol c3144402bb42ded093e2d021d25589fb325bb3ea852eca20bfdcfea45e93d0b2 ./contracts/interfaces/IGovernorAlpha.sol 0252f8f3886f5ac56a520bb36ddffe1f791bd162955b96905f648adf1b6891fa ./contracts/interfaces/IGovToken.sol 587c4202daafdb6616abf906031e7e1bd1535a4d7738389b540f271b5b46292d ./contracts/interfaces/IIdleRebalancer.sol db81c6219c2a4cb02215a7093173b8a0c999833298490009b157b78007bcd110 ./contracts/interfaces/IIdleRebalancerV3.sol f14bf430e2e9ef517d54400de1b6eac9cee26c4a6ba2d5ff1ebc8791512c5ec8 ./contracts/interfaces/IIdleToken.sol 7065f6cfbde2b05f345557a63ac932a48145803119c1df2d6f0d9d8780ab77de ./contracts/interfaces/IIdleTokenGovernance.sol 9cb8659a552afc12fbbe93989d81b7f3bb688357a3750f709d87708db96310f3 ./contracts/interfaces/IIdleTokenHelper.sol 106537974d5c921e415642cd9466409d9e13f0b7ef6d1cab498dd1aac18ef024 ./contracts/interfaces/IIdleTokenV3.sol 30d9d400c05924dd61b8c647c5b563d088aec977db4b5acacf42170f9b30c384 ./contracts/interfaces/IIdleTokenV3 1.sol afd940f2f0f9aa927a3418f01e218962f3033aae5a468b5302b3d4f5b309d366 ./contracts/interfaces/IInterestSetter.sol f3735c051754aaf8d305c94099640d58131454f2c63b2db01cfa27e5aef8810f ./contracts/interfaces/ILendingProtocol.sol bb53d48dc5a9bdfd81792141702186fd14ce628b226e317f40e5df29425d8019 ./contracts/interfaces/IProxyAdmin.sol 69fd7ce938e4f8958b97e54f2b2bf975c5346878cb2f916f26bb917152402e7d ./contracts/interfaces/IStableDebtToken.sol eb5736ae93253b39d8c1564eee8339ea63d08cd8b546bcd76c8fd2b39ab73c17 ./contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router02.sol 5b10cf8281631b3377df2542c8b7da2a76b7b3fbfeaffb8e574827e953724d8a ./contracts/interfaces/IVariableDebtToken.sol a9509ad47c77c28c299f6f2b64f3497fa5c32ce6158599edfe55582248236f19 ./contracts/interfaces/IWETH.sol 9f37dbe5f1e0698275b4c047a21f645244601a9545f7ba20279127d01b274a28 ./contracts/interfaces/PotLike.sol 7030da4cd7de8e1a0481c27db004afacd0133a6bb6427c5d7da8457f0b991286 ./contracts/interfaces/PriceOracle.sol f750845cd5ffdfce07c8a52138b6c0a59f23944218734557c9f0275e2b0aaa8e ./contracts/interfaces/RealUSDC.sol 50099dc807351b99408b1df47a6cdd331823641f4b1fd252a579313e52a494de ./contracts/interfaces/UniswapExchangeInterface.sol

73465ebd1211ca589d042b95bf7ae2330c8022219e93c1a70d0a2d83f6bea779 ./contracts/interfaces/UniswapV2Router.sol b4b1a5bbdba60b0b99e1e6f6311d5d899226af1f72781f5015f19d3bb910a629 ./contracts/interfaces/USDT.sol 690589027c7fa15807705073215e5c1725ace965b209ae52604b41b955051952 ./contracts/interfaces/Vester.sol 7ac6b52da475b0e86f18cd9b1ebbbecc31a047d2ca321db8ca8b22e73f6efe1c ./contracts/interfaces/VesterFactory.sol db96470d5844ab22a99451dee8baced828f0a8614f5e1c4a2e7c21848f978a7e ./contracts/interfaces/WhitePaperInterestRateModel.sol

Tests

dc6239773c8bb95e00358c8ba93d3755c63d43f4ea2f2f5969fc9f86a45102b0 ./test/IdleBatchConverter.js a7878d3cf4eaec576594be595e00948b8757dc65072ef514c7528a2293a159b1 ./test/IdleTokenV3_1.js 3f0b64e8b21a36f8ca0e268a739b76da6eddcf50dcf197ce2506fff3c04fb0fb ./test/MinimalInitializableProxyFactoryTest.js 011e9182887a9c4a67502cb272c759fd8d81f18ae8b87380e3bbb4ce21b3d12b ./test/wrappers/IdleAave.js 9d76ca81064fcb3a16584b81cc7d2559b2dda58abcece6ccd338e97d871a04d8 ./test/wrappers/IdleAaveV2.js b1c156694d1fe3073ee8181d0f5fe637d8f37e4a93c53d7ee3333586ff1625c ./test/wrappers/IdleCompound_js 2ae10a4aef755303aafee42c7ae6028cb2d137c5c136f6423c8e842f9a7d3f25 ./test/wrappers/IdleCompoundETH.js f6a29c23b832b3f7226ca0e7b8b9060bc28bc3bf1601b4364ad7e06685cb6843 ./test/wrappers/IdleCompoundV2.js b822cd7c853d87e409587c2598357a4a19279e9a6cfe6d6a6b461d7cdd07496 ./test/wrappers/IdleDSR.js cce2f1e6b0b6b4dc24d929878a9161108072720c09bc2846bb7e3dfc7b467179 ./test/wrappers/IdleFulcrum.js 8b71421f1664acfb5eb63da9d61ba508bbec76f69d3d7e36b05512d868470490 ./test/wrappers/IdleFulcrumJsabled.js 0de4f2b89491398082fcbfb8a7db30b63b2da481248ae88e810a5417d27c09 ./test/wrappers/IdleFulcrumJsabled.js c7b7b4755e1faf8ae58a1014665a092de3d89fd4181a288571f723ed795bc788 ./test/wrappers/IdleFulcrumV2.js

Changelog

• 2019-12-13 - Initial report

• 2019-12-19 - Revised report based on commit <u>9732bc</u>

2020-01-30 - Revised report based on commit <u>cófa71c</u>
2020-01-30 - Revised report based on commit <u>bcbóf09</u>
2020-04-09 - Revised report based on commit <u>a71a706</u>
2020-04-22 - Revised report based on commit <u>64f22d0</u>
2020-04-24 - Revised report based on commit <u>fefd01d</u>
2020-04-27 - Revised report based on commit <u>7d3b7e4</u>
2020-05-15 - Revised report based on commit <u>93d3429</u>
2020-05-18 - Revised report based on commit <u>f9c02d1</u>
2020-08-04 - Revised report based on commit <u>338ec24</u>
2020-08-12 - Revised report based on commit <u>bd40915</u>
2021-04-16 - Revised report based on commit <u>b5fb299</u>

About Quantstamp

Quantstamp is a Y Combinator-backed company that helps to secure blockchain platforms at scale using computer-aided reasoning tools, with a mission to help boost the adoption of this exponentially growing technology.

With over 1000 Google scholar citations and numerous published papers, Quantstamp's team has decades of combined experience in formal verification, static analysis, and software verification. Quantstamp has also developed a protocol to help smart contract developers and projects worldwide to perform cost-effective smart contract security scans.

To date, Quantstamp has protected \$5B in digital asset risk from hackers and assisted dozens of blockchain projects globally through its white glove security assessment services. As an evangelist of the blockchain ecosystem, Quantstamp assists core infrastructure projects and leading community initiatives such as the Ethereum Community Fund to expedite the adoption of blockchain technology.

Quantstamp's collaborations with leading academic institutions such as the National University of Singapore and MIT (Massachusetts Institute of Technology) reflect our commitment to research, development, and enabling world-class blockchain security.

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